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The Pittsburgh Gazette

THE ELECTIONS.

THE ELECTION held yesterday in New York, so far as we have learned, progressed orderly and quietly. The returns received up to our hour of going to press are meagre and unsatisfactory, and on them we can base no calculation as to the probable State result. The city of New York has increased its Democratic majority over twelve thousand, thus swelling up the figures to fifty-eight thousand. Gov. FENTON was elected over HOFFMAN in 1865, by thirteen thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine votes. Unless the Republicans increased their majorities or held their own in the districts outside the city, the Democrats have triumphed by a small majority. The Legislature, which is now largely Republican, cannot be materially changed.

In Massachusetts, Bullock has been re-elected by an increased majority. From the returns thus far received we feel safe in estimating the Republican majority at twenty-five thousand. The prohibitory liquor law was repudiated in no unmistakable way.

In Kansas the result is not yet determined, but it is quite certain that the female and negro suffrage amendments to the Constitution have been defeated.

New Jersey has gone Democratic.

Wisconsin has gone Republican by an increased majority. The Legislature will be largely Republican.

MINNESOTA has gone Republican by a small majority. The negro suffrage amendment has been defeated.

Maryland has gone Democratic. There were elections held also in Illinois, Delaware, Michigan, Missouri and Nevada, but we have no returns indicating results.

FROM the commencement of Garibaldi's last enterprise it has been manifest that he relied either upon private assurances of support from the Italian government, or upon the expectation that the enthusiasm of the Italian people for the possession of Rome would draw the government into concert with the national movement, even against its will. Upon whichever of these alternatives he relied he has been disappointed. The government did not voluntarily rush to his aid, nor did the population evince such intense desire for the consummation as to bear the rulers onward against their inclinations. It is now clear that he led a forlorn hope, and failed in leading it.

The dispatches this morning do not confirm those we published yesterday, to the effect that France, Prussia and Italy had virtually agreed to submit the question of Temporal Supremacy to a vote of the people in the Papal territories, and that this election had actually been held, with a large majority in Rome in favor of Italian unification. The later dispatches imply that the former ones were altogether untrue, and that France and Italy were not at agreement, but that a French envoy had returned from Florence without a satisfactory answer, and that another had gone forward to require a categorical reply.

ENLARGED.—The Pittsburgh *Gazette* yesterday made its appearance enlarged to forty columns. The enlargement, the publishers say, is only temporary.—*Commercial.*

What we said was in these exact words:

"We do not promise that this last enlargement shall be permanent, only that it shall remain as long as pressure upon our advertising columns continues, which we hope will be always."

Of course, our contemporary did not mean to tell the truth, but to do the other thing.

THE cable tells of riots in Paris, and of the suppression thereof. This is just enough to be tantalizing. What were the riots about? If political, they may augur badly for the Emperor.

THE State canvassers met at Harrisburg yesterday and declared Judge Sharswood's majority to be 937. Governor Geary issued his Proclamation accordingly.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

—It is not true that the most alarming accounts have reached General Grant's headquarters, regarding the defiance of the negroes in connection with the elections, and that General Grant had sent orders all through the South instructing the military commanders to keep the peace at all hazards.

—The Judiciary Committee—both the majority and minority—will have their reports ready to submit to Congress on Thursday, the 21st. The majority report will be against impeachment, and will be signed by the same members who voted to lay the impeachment on the 8th of June last. The minority will be Boutwell, Lawrence, Williams and Thomas, as here-ofore. Both wings are agreed upon one point, that this question must be immediately decided, and it will probably be the only business of the few days that will remain of the first session of the Fortieth Congress. Hon. J. M. Ashley, chief of the impeachment movement, arrived to-day.

—Numerous communications have been sent to the Executive from various quarters of the South, stating that armed organizations of colored persons were forming, in some instances threatening the lives of the whites; that negro companies are drilling near Chain Bridge and other places in Virginia for the purpose of supporting Congress in the enforcement of the law to depose the President during his impeachment. The matter has been referred to General Grant. No authority for organizing such companies has been given by the War Department. It is understood that the President has ordered General Grant to take steps to disband and suppress them.

—In New York, Sunday night, a raid was made by the Revenue Officers, on a large distillery in Forty-fifth street. It was found in full blast, at a capacity of 40,000 gallons. A receiving establishment contiguous was also seized. Both are said to belong to Dr. Blaisdell, President of the Distillers' Association.

—Ten frame and one large building, on the Ohio levee, at Cairo, were burned on Monday afternoon. The total loss is between fifty and sixty thousand dollars. Insurance, twenty thousand dollars.

—The census of the District of Columbia will be taken on the 11th, under the direction of the Commissioner of Education and Municipal Authorities.

—*Harper's Weekly* contains a picture of the "Church of the Sea and Land," which is built on a float and is moored at foot of Vestry street, but in the description of this building the journal omits all allusion to the bell. This is the most interesting feature in the church. Twenty-one years ago the steamboat Atlantic left New York for the East with a full load of passengers, bound home to attend Thanksgiving. The vessel was wrecked in a storm, and few survived the catastrophe. During this awful time the sound of the bell was heard, shaken by the wind into utterance, and when the wreck lay on the Stonington rocks without a living person aboard, the bell still sounded in its requiem over the lost. This very bell now calls the sailor to worship in the "Church of the Sea and Land."

—The author of the celebrated Widow Bedott papers left behind him at his death the manuscript of another comic book, which is soon to be laid before the public, under the title of Widow Spriggins. At one time Widow Bedott was as familiar as household words, and Neal was esteemed one of the most genial of wits and pleasant gentlemen. This time, and the people of it, are almost things of yore, but the memories grouped around the old Widow will insure a welcome for the new.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE ROMAN QUESTION.

Garibaldi Attacked, Defeated and Reported Surrendered.

PARTICULARS OF THE BATTLE.

Garibaldi and His Son Captured.

BREAD RIOTS AT EXETER, ENGLAND,

Meat Shops Sacked---Incendiary Fires.

AUTHORITIES CALL FOR TROOPS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ITALY.

GARIBALDI ATTACKED AND DEFEATED—REPORTED SURRENDER.

PARIS, November 4.—*Evening.*—The following intelligence has just been received here from Rome. At six o'clock this morning the Papal troops, supported by the French forces, attacked Garibaldi at Monte Rotundo and defeated him. Some say he is a prisoner and some say that he was killed. Half an hour after the attack commenced, Garibaldi, finding that his retreat was cut off, fought his way to the town of Monte Rotundo, where he was reinforced by some Italian troops, but the French coming to the assistance of the Pontifical soldiers, he was beaten.

The following account comes from another source: Garibaldi was attacked and defeated on Sunday. He retreated and surrendered to the Italians.

ROME QUIET AND ACCEPTS.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—*Midnight.*—General La Marmora, who was sent to Paris by the King of Italy on a mission, the nature of which has not been developed, has returned to Florence, having failed to accomplish the object for which he was dispatched hither.

The ultimatum of Napoleon was presented by the French Charge de Affaires at Florence to the Italian Government, on Sunday, and an instant reply was demanded.

PARTICULARS OF THE BATTLE—INSURGENTS ROUTED—GARIBALDI AND HIS SON CAPTURED.

PARIS, November 5.—The *Moniteur* publishes the full particulars of the battle in Italy. The scene of the fight was near Tivola. Three thousand of the insurgents were either killed, wounded or made prisoners. Garibaldi himself and his son Menotti were captured at Terni and sent to Florence as prisoners of war.

Four thousand Garibaldians, while on the march to reinforce the insurgents, were stopped, disarmed, and turned back.

The greatest agitation prevails in Italy.

The ultimatum of Napoleon is to be answered by or before Thursday.

GARIBALDI AT SPEZZIA.

GENOA, November 5.—Garibaldi has arrived at Spezzia, on board an Italian man-of-war, a prisoner in the hands of the Italian Government.

ITALIANS REPASSED THE FRONTIER.

LONDON, November 5.—*Evening.*—It is said the Italians have re-passed the frontier. It is also stated that Napoleon has received General Marmora, the Italian Embassador.

ENGLAND.

BREAD RIOTS IN EXETER—MEAT SHOPS SACKED—THE AUTHORITIES ASKED FOR TROOPS.

LONDON, November 5—*Noon.*—Serious bread riots occurred in Exeter yesterday and to-day. Every meat and bread shop in the city had been sacked at the date of the last dispatches. Incendiary fires are breaking out in different parts of the town. There was much excitement and the local authorities had petitioned the Government for troops to quell the disturbance.

COTTON FIRM SUSPENDED.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 5.—The O'Kones & Company, cotton merchants, of this city, have stopped payment.

PARLIAMENT CALLED.

LONDON, November 5.—Parliament has been called to reassemble on the 19th of the present month.

IRELAND.

FENIAN ARRESTS CONTINUE.

LONDON, November 5—*Evening.*—Dispatches from Dublin state that arrests of supposed Fenians still continue to be made. General Nagle is to be tried at Sligo.

FRANCE.

RIOTS IN PARIS.

LONDON, Nov. 4—*Midnight.*—Riots have taken place at several points in Paris, but have been suppressed.

AUSTRIA.

IN UNISON WITH FRANCE.

VIENNA, Nov. 5.—*Evening.*—The Vienna *Debatte*, a semi-official journal of this city, states that Baron von Beust, in a note, says that the policy of the Emperor Napoleon and that of Francis Joseph are the same, namely, that of peace.

PRUSSIA.

THE ULTIMATUM CANCELLED.

BERLIN, Nov. 5.—*Afternoon.*—It is thought here that the recent defeat of Gen. Garibaldi cancels the ultimatum of Napoleon.

ARRIVED OUT.

SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 5.—The steamship New York, from New York, arrived here this evening.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, Nov. 5, P. M.—Consols, 94¾; Five-Twenties, 70½; Illinois Central, 81½; Erie, 46¾.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 5, P. M.—Cotton closes irregular; sales 8,000 bales middling uplands at 8½d; Orleans, 8¾d. Advices from Manchester are unfavorable. Breadstuffs quiet. Corn, 40s 6d. Wheat, white California, 15s 6d, and No. 1 Milwaukee red, 13s 9d. Barley, 5s 4d. Oats, 2s 11d. Peas, 51s. Provisions—Beef, 112s 6d. Pork, 72s. Bacon, 62s. Lard, 62s 9d. Cheese, 62s. Produce—Rosin, 8?s. Petroleum: spirits, 1s 6d; refined, 1s 5½d.

LONDON, Nov. 5, P. M.—Markets unchanged.

ANTWERP, Nov. 5, P. M.—Petroleum: 45 francs for standard white.

FRANKFORT, November 5.—Bonds closed at 75¾.

LIVERPOOL, November 5.—*Evening.*—United States 10-40 bonds have been introduced in this market, and are now quarterly quoted in the papers.

CANADA.

Mr. Galt Retires from the Government —Propeller Georgian Case.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TORONTO, Nov. 5.—A dispatch from Ottowa says that Hon. Mr. Galt has retired from the Government for reasons of a private nature. No one is yet mentioned as his successor.

The case of the propellor Georgian, which has been the subject of much public interest for some time, has been decided finally at Hamilton, a decree having been made in favor of the plaintiff, handing the vessel over to the United States. The bill against Jacob Thompson, defendant, was dismissed with costs, counsel disclaiming all interest in the vessel.

The schooner Merrimac carried away four of the gates of lock No. 22, on the Welland Canal this morning. Navigation will be interrupted for two or three days.

SECOND EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

STATE ELECTIONS.

NEW YORK.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

THE CITY DEMOCRATIC BY 60,000—THE STATE CLAIMED BY THE OPPOSITION.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6—12:30 A. M.

The city vote has been counted and foots up a fraction less than sixty thousand majority for the Democracy. The Democrats are exuberant and claim the State by a majority approximating fifteen thousand. The Legislature will probably be Republican.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6, 1867.

Thirteen Wards show a Democratic majority of 30,788, a gain of 8,000 over last year.

ADDITIONAL RETURNS—FULL VOTE OF NEW YORK CITY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5, 11 P. M.—Fifty-seven towns heard from give a Democratic majority on the vote for Secretary of State of 2,319.

In Poughkeepsie, McKean, Republican, has 38 majority. Hillhouse, Republican, for Comptroller, in the same city, has 181 majority. Poughkeepsie is Nelson's town city, and he runs largely ahead of his ticket in Albany county. Albany city gives 1,600 Democratic majority, not included in the above. This ensures the election of the Democratic county ticket.

Returns from the Senatorial districts show Tweed, Norton, Creamer, Bradley and Genet, all Democrats, elected.

The total vote in this city, just received, shows a total Democratic majority of 59,818. The following is the full vote in the city for Secretary of State, McKean, Republican, Nelson, Democrat:

Ward 1—McKean...	122	Nelson....2081
Ward 2—McKean...	80	Nelson... 255
Ward 3—McKean...	143	Nelson... 600
Ward 4—McKean...	375	Nelson....2457
Ward 5—McKean....	495	Nelson....2187
Ward 6—McKean...	186	Nelson....3300
Ward 7—McKean....	709	Nelson....5048
Ward 8—McKean....	1,114	Nelson....4331
Ward 9—McKean....	2743	Nelson....4232
Ward 10—McKean...	803	Nelson....3462
Ward 11—McKern....	1095	Nelson....6394
Ward 12—McKean...	1586	Nelson....3075
Ward 13—McKean...	967	Nelson....3262
Ward 14—McKean...	331	Nelson....3549
Ward 15—McKean...	1485	Nelson....2341
Ward 16—McKean...	2194	Nelson....3830
Ward 17—McKean...	2620	Nelson....4876
Ward 18—McKean...	1794	Nelson....5431
Ward 19—McKean...	1750	Nelson....4960
Ward 20—McKean...	2141	Nelson....6731
Ward 21—McKean...	1794	Nelson....4794
Ward 22—McKean...	2033	Nelson....5125
Total—McKean,	25,831;	Nelson, 85,721.

The Democratic gain in this city over last year is over 12,000.

Returns from Brooklyn show a Democratic majority on Secretary of State of 13,000.

LATEST RETURNS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6, 1:30 A. M.—Returns from eighty-one additional towns in this State give a net majority for McKean, Republican, for Secretary of State, of 5,688, a large Democratic gain. In addition to the above eight towns in Orange show a Democratic gain of 1,361, Schuyler county, complete, gives McKean, Republican, 400 majority. Steuben county, complete, gives McKean 1,100 majority. Eight towns in Genesee show a Democratic gain of 322. Six towns in Broome county show a Democratic gain of 422.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Governor Bullock and the State Ticket Elected by Handsome Majorities,30,000 to 35,000—Liquor Prohibition Defeated.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—The returns indicate beyond a doubt the re-election of Gov. Bullock and the Republican State ticket by handsome majorities.

HEAVY VOTE—PARTIAL RETURNS.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—Massachusetts voted to-day for State officers and members of the Legislature. The result shows a heavy vote. Last year Gov. Bullock had 92,021 against 26,671 for Sweitzer, Democrat.

The question of prohibition, or license in regard to liquor, entered largely into the canvass for members of the Legislature.

The vote in Boston to-day, for Governor, foots up: Bullock 7,292; Adams 5,775, majority for Adams, 1,483. Last year Bullock's plurality in the city was 4,998.

Up to 8:30 P. M. we have returns from ninety-four tities and towns, which give Bullock 41,269; Adams 33,352.

SECOND DISPATCH.

THE ANTI-PROHIBITIONISTS SUCCESSFUL.

The opponents of prohibition and the license law advocates have undoubtedly elected a strong majority to the Legislature, and are extremely jubilant. Early in the evening large crowds gathered in State street, opposite the old State House, where they were regaled with a band of music and speeches from the leading lights of the "P. T. T." organization. The several newspaper offices, where extras were issued, were surrounded with eager crowds for the latest reports. Altogether the scene this evening has been one of unusual jollification and exhibition of good temper on all sides.

DEMOCRATIC JOLLIFICATION.

WORCESTER, MASS., Nov. 5.—The Democrats of this city formed in procession fifteen thousand strong this evening, and marched through the principal streets with bands of music. There was great enthusiasm among the Democracy.

THIRD DISPATCH.

BOSTON, November 5—10:30 P. M.—Returns from two hundred cities and towns foot up for Bullock 73,924 and Adams 53,132. The same towns last year gave Bullock 68,009 and Sweitzer 21,000. Bullock's majority will probably reach 25,000. Lieutenant Governor Claflin and the balance of the Republican ticket is chosen by about the same majority. The Legislature is largely Republican on joint ballot in both branches, but the opposition of the prohibitory law probably have two-thirds of each branch.

Boston gives 1,500 majority for Adams; Charlestown, 500; Roxbury, 850 do.; Newburyport, 650 do.; Salem gives 250 majority for Bullock; Chelsea, 450 do.; Fall River, 900 do.; New Bedford, 1,400 do.; Lowell, 800 do.; Gloucester, 900; Springfield, 1,200 do.; Lawrence 600 do.

Peter Harvey is elected Counsellor on the Democratic ticket in the Boston district.

FOURTH DISPATCH.

REPUBLICAN MAJORITY 20,000 TO 30,000 —PROHIBITION REPUDIATED.

Additional returns of the election do not alter the result previously telegraphed. The Republican majority in the State will exceed 20,000—some estimates claim 30,000. Both branches of the Legislature are strongly Republican, and the prohibitory liquor law is repudiated in a very emphatic manner.

KANSAS.

No Indications as to the Result—Mrs. Stanton and Susan B. Anthony Electioneering at the Polls—Cheers for Woman's Rights and Female Suffrage.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LEAVENWORTH, Nov. 5.—Out of about thirty-five hundred registered only twenty-six hundred votes were cast here to-day. The negro suffrage proposition received only about seven hundred votes.

Mrs. Stanton and Susan B. Anthony, who have been canvassing the State in favor of female suffrage, visited the polls in each ward and addressed the voters, probably the first occurrence of the kind in the country. They were accompanied by the Hutchinson Family, who sung some of their campaign songs and were received at every precinct with hearty cheers for "Woman's Rights and Female Suffrage." The proposition to strike the word "male" from the Constitution will probably receive a larger vote than either of the other proposed amendments.

FEMALE AND NEGRO SUFFRAGE DEFEATED.

ST. LOUIS, November 5.—Returns from Kansas are meagre, but indicate that both female and negro suffrage are defeated by eight to ten thousand majority.

Leavenworth gives fifteen hundred to two thousand against negro suffrage. The entire Democratic county ticket is elected, and four Democratic Representatives to the Legislature, by a large majority.

Topeka and Shawnee counties give about three hundred majority against negro suffrage.

Returns from Riley county indicate a small majority in favor of negro suffrage.

Wyandotte county elects the entire Democratic ticket, and defeats negro suffrage by five hundred majority.

White Cloud gives thirty-four majority against negro suffrage.

LAWRENCE, Kan., Nov. 5.—The Republican ticket is elected in this county by the usual majority. Negro and female suffrage is defeated by a small majority.

ILLINOIS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, November 4.—The election to-day passed off very quietly. Only about two-thirds of the vote was polled. General Osborne, Republican candidate for County Treasurer, has four thousand and three majority, with one precinct to hear from, in the city. His majority in the county will probably exceed five thousand.

J. M. Wilson, who ran as an independent candidate for Judge of the Superior Court, is beaten in the city by six hundred and forty majority.

WISCONSIN.

Republican Governor Elected—Legislature Strongly Republican.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, November 5.—Seventy-five of the largest towns and cities, including Milwaukee, show a net Democratic gain of 1,700 over the vote of 1865, when there was a Republican majority of 10,000. Fairchild, Republican, for Governor, is probably re-elected. The Legislature is decidedly Republican.

NEW JERSEY.

Whole Democratic Ticket Elected.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The election in New Jersey to-day was for six Senators and sixty members of the Assembly. The returns show Democratic gains over last year, and the whole Democratic ticket is elected. The election passed off quietly.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Additional returns from New Jersey show increased Democratic gains. The Legislature will be Democratic.

MINNESOTA.

Marshall, Republican, Re-elected Governor—Negro Suffrage Probably Defeated.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 5.—Returns received from thirty cities and towns indicate the re-election of Wm. R. Marshall, Republican, for Governor, by a small majority. Negro Suffrage is believed to be defeated.

MARYLAND.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE Nov. 5.—Six wards give a Democratic majority of 4,744.

BALTIMORE, November 5.—The result in this city on the Gubernational vote shows a majority of fifteen thousand for Bowie, democratic candidate—a gain of two thousand over last year.

MICHIGAN.

Detroit Charter Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

DETROIT, November 5.—The Charter election took place to-day here without excitement and with a light vote. The returns from all the wards but one show a majority for W. W. Wheaton, Democratic candidate for Mayor, of 660. This will be reduced to about 500 by the returns from the Fifth ward. The City Council will remain a tie, as at present. The Republican candidate for Director of the Poor and two for Justices of the Peace are probably elected.

Sharswood's Official Majority.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 5.—Governor Geary has issued a proclamation announcing Sharswood's majority 937.

ARIZONA.

Indian Affairs—General McDowell's Policy Condemned—Volunteers vs. Regulars, &c.—Executive Council.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—Late Arizona advices state that Clendennis' force was attacked by the Hullapai Indians near Hullapai Mountain and compelled to fall back. Clendennis returned to camp after three days' scout. He fought the Zrumb band and drove them from the Ranchero. Among the things abandoned by the Indians were books and papers belonging to the Milling party lately driven from the Sacramento district. Loss four men. The Indians killed another mail rider near Wyckenburg.

Before adjournment the Legislature passed resolutions condemning the policy of General McDowell, in Indian affairs, asking that the territory be made a separate department.

A memorial asking Congress that the Governor be allowed to raise a regiment of volunteers to take the field against the Indians was unanimously adopted.

One company of Arizona volunteers, stationed at Camp Lincoln during the summer of '66, killed one hundred Apaches in three months. Two companies of the Fourteenth Regular Infantry, stationed there for six months past, have not killed an Indian. The settlers lost their crops under the eyes of the officers and men.

VIRGINIA.

Question Concerning the Old Legislature—General Schofield Informs the Members that Regular Session this Winter Will be Dispensed With.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, Va., November 5.—The following letter has just been made public:

HEADQUARTERS, October 31, 1867.

To his Excellency, F. H. Pierpoint, Governor of Virginia:

I have received letters from several members of the late Virginia Legislature, inquiring whether there would be a session of that body during the coming winter, and raising the question whether, under the State laws, the members of the House of Delegates do not hold over until their successors are duly elected and qualified. Without deciding the latter question, upon which there seems to exist a diversity of opinion, I have to request that you will inform the members of the late Legislature that the regular session of the Legislature of the coming winter will be dispensed with.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
J. L. SCHOFIELD,
Brevet Maj. Gen. U. S. A.

Five companies of U. S. troops in Virginia were ordered to Washington today for winter quarters.

WESTON, THE PEDESTRIAN.

He Starts on His Second Trial of One Hundred Miles in Twenty-four Hours.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARTFORD, CONN., Nov. 5.—Weston, the pedestrian, left here at five p. m. for his second trial of one hundred miles in twenty-four hours. A great crowd gathered to see him start, and many people on foot and in carriages accompanied him a short distance. The police cleared a passage through the crowd for him. He goes by the Albany turnpike through Avon, Winsted, Great Barrington and West Stockbridge, Mass., and Sand Lake, New York, to Troy. He is in fine condition and confident of success.

ALABAMA.

Reconstruction Convention Assembled and Organized—Eighty-two Delegates Present.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MOBILE, Nov. 5.—The Reconstruction Convention met at Montgomery at 12 o'clock to-day. Eeighty-two members were present, of whom fourteen were colored. E. W. Peck, of Tuscaloosa, was elected President, Robert Barber, Secretary, and two negroes were elected Assistant Secretary and Door-keeper. The day was consumed in perfecting the organization. Fifty odd of the members are old citizens of Alabama and the rest colored and men from the North.

CHARLESTON, S. C.

Registration Returns—Northern Objections Raised.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, Nov. 5.—Official registration returns from the Fourth District in the State show that the blacks so far have a majority of 33,834. Only nine out of thirty-one districts in the State have white majorities.

Obligations exceeding half a million of dollars in the aggregate, due chiefly to northern creditors, matured at the city banks yesterday and were promptly paid.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

Court met at nine o'clock Tuesday morning, a full bench being present.

Messler vs. Steel; Westmoreland county. Argued by Stewart for plaintiff in error; Foster, contra, not heard.

Linsenbigler vs. Gourley; Armstrong county. Argued by Golden for plaintiff in error, and by Purviance and Boggs contra.

Shrader vs. Brown; Armstrong county. Argued by Painter for plaintiff in error and by Golden and Boggs contra.

Baker's Executors vs. Baker; Westmoreland county. Argued by Foster for plaintiff, and by Lowry contra.

Ellenberger vs. Ellenberger; Armstrong county. Argued by Boggs and Smith for plaintiff in error, and by Golden and Neal contra.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

TUESDAY, Nov. 5.—Court met at the usual hour, ten o'clock.

The counterfeiters convicted on Monday, John B. Wright and Geo. W. Waters, were brought from the jail and sentenced to an imprisonment of ten years, each, in the Penitentiary. They were sentenced in but one case, sentence in two others being suspended.

United States vs. Nelson T. Clevinger and Philip Clevinger; three cases.

United States vs. John Flanigan; two cases.

United States vs. George Roach; three cases.

The above named parties were proceeded against for distilling liquor illicitly, or failure to comply with the law. They were tried by one jury, and verdicts of not guilty rendered.

United States vs. Matthew H. Mercer, William R. Darnell and Abraham Gibson, impleaded with W. W. Bruce and James H. Lockwood; action on oil transportation bond. Verdict for the United States for $1,600, the penalty of the bond, to be released on payment of $922,23, amount of special tax due.

United States vs. John McCoy; distilling spirits without giving bond, &c. Verdict not guilty.

United States vs. forty-five barrels of whiskey claimed by Jesse B. Rank; United States vs. the rectifying distillery of Barber & Henderson, whiskey tubs, &c.; United States vs. the whiskey owned by R. H. Hughes; United States vs. four barrels of whiskey owned by Patrick Sheridan. On motion of W. C. Moreland, Esq., the Court ordered a rule on the District Attorney to show cause why John L. Linton should not be declared informer in the above named cases, and a moiety of the forfeiture awarded him as such informer.

United States vs. Charles Johnston; indictment counterfeiting. Continued to term at Erie.

United States vs. Phineas Barber, Jesse B. Rank and Brown Henderson, and United States vs. George McPherson. Continued till next special term.

United States vs. Geo. McPherson, Peter Kaufman, Hollis Sullivan, William Thompson, Casper Ham, Horace Van Geser, Charles Bryson and George Volker. Processes awarded.

United States vs. James Wright, Jno. Wright and John W. O'Brien. Recognizances forfeited, and process issued for the arrest of defendants.

Common Pleas—Judge Mellon.

TUESDAY, Nov. 5.—Court met at the usual hour, ten o'clock.

James Barnes and others vs. the Adams Express Company. Plaintiff claimed that in June, 1863, he gave into the custody of defendants, at Acquia Creek, Virginia, a package containing one hundred and fifty dollars, to be delivered at West Greenville, Pa. The package never came to hand, and it was alleged was lost through negligence of defendants as common carriers. Verdict in favor of plaintiff for $120.50.

Hugh Roberts vs. F. K. Duff. Action to recover $600 alleged to be due as compensation for management of partnership business at the saw mill of defendant in Temperanceville. Jury withdrawn and non-suit entered.

Thomas Hall vs. Reserve township. Action on a contract for keeping a road in repair. Verdict in favor of plaintiff for $10.50.

Following is the list for this day:

57. Good et al vs. Roder & Saul.
57. Henry vs. Nolan.
58. Colling vs. Porter.
59. Blackburn vs. Watson.
60. Davis vs. McCorkly.
60½. Tradesmen's Nat. Bank vs. Rickets's Adm'r.
61. Davis vs. Small.
63. Nat. Bank of Lawrence county vs. Ricketson's Adm'r.
64. Pease vs. West. Transportation Co.
65. Fahnestock vs. Steamboat Dictator.

A Shoplifter Caught.

Yesterday a young married German woman, named Mary Mae, was discovered in her propensity for shoplifting at the dry goods store of Mr. James Eccles, in Birmingham. She came into the store and looked over some goods, apparently with a view of purchasing. Mr. Eccles, from a circumstance of previous occurrence, suspected her honesty, and hence kept a close watch upon her movements. Presently he observed her concealing a shawl under her dress, passing it under her apron and through an opening in front. Mr. Eccles, leaving another person in the store with the woman, went out the back way to the office of Justice Lipp, which is but close by, and informing officers Hartzell and Kauffield of what had transpired, returned the way he left, whilst the officers immediately repaired to the store by the front. Mr. Lipp, on the arrival of the officers, accused the woman of concealing the shawl. This she denied, but confessed her guilt and produced the article when about being searched. The woman was detained in custody, while the officers proceeded to search her residence, on Denman street, having procured the necessary warrant, where they found a shawl which had been stolen (or one like it) from Eccles' store, and a number of other articles, also supposed to have been stolen. Notwithstanding the evidence of her guilt, Mr. Eccles refused to prosecute, rather a singular circumstance, but perhaps to be accounted for in the fact (if it so be) that the accused pecuniarily satisfied her accuser. Judge Sterrett not long since, in charging a grand jury, spoke pointedly of the shortcomings of parties who refused to prosecute cases of the kind referred to. In so doing they plainly neglect their duty, not only to themselves, but to the public generally.

Uncivil to Sallie.

William Sivel, a resident of the Point, acted in a very uncivil manner towards Hugh Sallie, proprietor of a drinking saloon in the First ward, in consequence of which a warrant has been issued by Alderman Humbert for his arrest for disorderly conduct. He went into Sallie's saloon in a semi-intoxicated state, and demanded liquor, which he refused him. He at once became enraged and behaved himself in a very disorderly manner, breaking glasses, furniture, etc., and swearing that he could lick any two of a fight. He was finally ejected from the saloon, and an information made against him, since when he has been *non est*. The officers are on his track and will most likely soon have him in custody. Humbert Saturday and made information against her for assault and battery, upon which a warrant was issued and the accused arrested. The prosecutor, however, having no desire to push the matter, agreed to withdraw the suit and pay the costs if the woman would promise to behave herself in the future, and the magistrate, Mr. Humbert consented to this proposition, and was released. She, however, forgot her promise, and yesterday paid him another visit, when, it appears, she so enraged him as to cause the former occasion, not only beating him with her fist and a club, but threatening to take his life. He again made information against her and a warrant was issued for her arrest. It seems that on her last visit she was accompanied by a married daughter, Mrs. Annie Valentine, who assisted her mother in using the weapons. An information was made against this daughter for assault and battery, and a warrant also issued for her arrest. We suppose the officers succeed in capturing the offenders. Alderman Humbert will assist them to settle the matter by sending the case to Court.

Serious Accident—Arm Amputation.

James Scott, a brakeman on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, met with a serious accident about twelve o'clock on Monday night, by which he lost his right arm. He was in the act of "coupling" a car, preparatory to leaving Connellsville, when by some means his right arm was caught between the "bumpers" and completely crushed from the elbow to the wrist. He was taken to his boarding house, and Dr. Rogers being summoned, amputated the arm above the elbow.

Accidents of the above description are becoming fearfully frequent of late, and if something is not done to prevent them, a man had better make his will before he engages to run on the railroad. It now appears to be only a question of time with all railroad employees, and the danger increases in the same ratio as they become more careless they become.

Surety of the Peace.

Patrick Duffy yesterday made information, before Alderman McMasters, against John and Samuel Eggleston, for surety of the Peace. Duffy keeps a tavern in Robinson township, and he alleges that on Monday a stranger came to his house and called for a drink, laying his gloves on the counter while drinking. John and Samuel Eggleston were, at the time, standing by the counter, and as soon as the gloves were laid down John picked them up, put them on, and refused to return them to the owner. Patrick Duffy interfered in behalf of the latter and succeeded in having the gloves returned to the owner, when upon the Egglestons abused him and threatened to do him violence. Warrants were issued for their arrest.

Affiliation.

Barbara Biergas made information before Justice Comstock, of Sharpsburg, against Joseph Hart, of Lawrenceville, charging him with affiliation. The information was made in September but for some reason was not executed until yesterday, when it was put into the hands of officers Archer and Smith, who arrested him and took him before Justice Covert, of Lawrenceville, who held him in one thousand dollars bail for his appearance before Justice Comstock for a hearing on Friday. The prosecutrix is at present at the county poor farm, and it was at the instigation of the Directors of the Poor that the arrest was made. The defendant is an elderly man and father of a family of grown up children.

False Pretense.

John O. Stevens appeared before Alderman Thomas, yesterday, and made information charging William Nye with obtaining goods under false pretenses. The prosecutor alleges that the defendant obtained tobacco and cigars at different times from him under false pretense. A warrant was issued, the defendant arrested and held to bail for a further hearing. The prosecutor resides in the Fifth ward, and the defendant in Lawrenceville.

The Birmingham Market Place was the scene of considerable confusion yesterday morning, caused by the reckless conduct of a colored man named Jacob Humphrey, who drove a wagon, belonging to Jones & Laughlins, through the crowd at a rapid rate, regardless of life or limb. When remonstrated with, he replied with profane and insulting language. Justice Lipp issued a warrant for his arrest.

We Were Wrong in stating that the Central Skating Park would be closed the coming season. It will be thrown open to the public as soon as the ice forms and the managers promise a brilliant season.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—The "Fairy Circle" was again presented at the Opera House last night, and, as was anticipated, the house was filled to its utmost capacity. Not a seat remained unoccupied, and there was scarcely standing room for those who had not secured seats. The piece, as usual, was well rendered, the Company all being well "up" to their parts. "Con," of course is the principal character in the piece, and Barney renders it to perfection. The audience, however, appeared to be better pleased with the afternoon, "Yankee Help, or Customs of the Country," in which Mrs. Williams appears in her favorite role. Her delineation of Yankee character is certainly unexceptionable, in this piece, at least the audience appeared to think so. Persons desiring seats for this evening's entertainment should not fail to engage them this afternoon, as the house will doubtless be crowded, not only to-night, but every night during Barney's engagement.

VARIETIES.—The att

The Pittsburgh Gazette

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1867.

IF THE PRESIDENT shall cause an order to issue disbanding *all* voluntary militia organizations throughout the insurrectionary States, as he is reported to be inclined, he will do an excelle..t thing. So long as those States remain under military government, the federal forces are all that ought to be allowed.

EVIDENCE multiplies that great distrust exists between whites and blacks at the South. This is the natural outgrowth of the avowed purpose, North and South, to deprive the blacks of the right of suffrage they have so recently acquired. The blacks would be less than human if they should decilely acquiesce in the deprivation. However, so long as Gen. Grant has direction, the country has abundant assurance that order will be preserved.

IT is now announced, and, doubtless, correctly, that the Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives stand on the question of Impeachment as they did at the adjournment, with one majority against the measure. When the respective reports and the evidence shall be presented, as they will soon be, the people of the country will be able to judge, each for himself, with what reason the different members of the Committee have proceeded.

If the House shall agree with the majority of the Committee, Impeachment will be dropped. If the House, on the contrary, shall concur with the minority, the business will move forward. It seems most likely that Congress will determine to continue in session up to the end of Mr. Johnson's term, rather than enter upon a trial that would consume all, or nearly all, the intervening space.

THE LAST JUDICIAL ENORMITY.

Judge AGNEW has the reputation of being a good lawyer. We accepted the judgment of those who were competent, by peculiar studies and vocation, to decide that point, when we contributed our mite to raise him to a seat on the Supreme Bench. Since his elevation nothing has fallen under our observation to shake confidence in his judicial abilities; but there is much in the Opinion he delivered on Monday last respecting the relations between the white and black races which begets something more than a suspicion that when he undertakes to fortify his expositions of law by illustrations and arguments drawn from philosophy, he goes altogether beyond his depth, and exposes himself to the severest animadversion. He makes a parade of learning which only demonstrates his ignorance, and educes as the products of mature and deliberate observations the suggestions of arbitrary prejudice instead of the inculcations of sober reason. Let us particularize:

1. JUDGE AGNEW propounds a theory of the Distribution of the Races. In it there is no novelty, and just as little sense. He dogmatizes of "the distribution of men by race and color;" thinks it as "providential an arrangement of the earth as that of heat and cold," and rushes on to the conclusion that "the separation of the races is an undeniable fact." Here is a pretense of learning, where none exists. If God distributed the races, either according to his arbitrary pleasure, or the natural fitness of things, then it is evident white men exist in the United States contrary to his ordination, and ought at once to pack up and clear out. Before going, however, they ought to send back to Africa the blacks whose progenitors were brought hither by violence. Then the red men would regain the undisputed masterdom they enjoyed under the original assignment of particular portions of the earth to special races of men. Nor is the Judge any more accurate or sensible in his allusion to the distribution of heat and cold. The natural laws governing those elements are never thwarted, even for an instant, but bear perpetual and omnipotent sway. All other natural laws are equally immutable. Much nonsense has been uttered, and will doubtless continue to be, by men who ought to know better, about contravening natural laws and overturning providential arrangements. Attempts have been made by audacious men, or combinations of such, to accomplish these results; but in no instances have they been successful. Whatever men may propose or essay, natural laws and providential arrangements hold on their predetermined courses. Whatever else may succumb, a natural law will not; and however a man's arrangements may bend to exigencies, a providential appointment compels all other things to comform to it. This principle, which lies at the basis of all correct reasoning touching natural phenomena might have taught the Judge the fallacy of his conclusion had he allowed it fair play. On this continent various races are essentially mixed up, and are likely to remain in that condition, if a judgment can safely be predicated on apparent tendencies. Has God and his laws been circumvented? The idea is none the less impious because emanating from an eminent magistrate.

2. JUDGE AGNEW is just as unphilosophical and absurd when he insists that "from social amalgamation it is but a step to *illicit* intercourse." Were this true, "social amalgamation," of any sort, would be the most mischievous thing conceivable. Necessarily it would be more dangerous between opposite sexes of the same race, than between opposite sexes of different races. If social intercourse tends absolutely to impurity, there is no help for society but in turning Mahometans, and shutting up females so that they can make no acquaintances with men other than their own near relatives. Even with the rigid precautions the moslem system allows, that horrible condition of society might be renewed, which Juvenal coarsely describes, in which fathers were deprived by their own daughters—

"Whose kisses had such lust,
And came with such a gust."

But the Judge unconsciously involves himself in a glaring absurdity. He justifies railway companies in forbidding black people to ride in the same carriages with whites, on the ground that the segregation between these two races is so strong that even such casual and incidental "social amalgamations" would lead to breaches of the peace. That would be bad enough, to be sure. But directly he goes on to assert that there are such powerful affinities between the two races that their riding together in public conveyances has a manifest and direful tendency to instigate "illicit intercourse" between males and females of different colors. The Judge will have to excuse us from encountering both horns of this dilemma. He may believe in the co-existence of attraction and repulsion in this way; but he will find no man of sound sense to agree with him.

3. With the same lack of precision in the use of terms the Judge declares that "following the order of Divine Providence, human authority ought not to compel these widely separated races to intermix. The right of such to be free from social contact is as clear as to be free from intermarriage." This he enforces by an application of the rule that the proprietor of a hotel or steamboat cannot compel a white person to room or bed with a black one. This comes in large part, from not understanding the meaning of the word "social." A hotel keeper, or steamboat owner, or sleeping car company, has the right to employ black servants, and to compel their guests to be in the same room with them. Such contact is not "social." It is purely in the way of business. Contact, which consists only in riding in the same steamboat or railway carriage, is not "social" contact, and no man of even ordinary powers of discrimination who did not allow his prejudices to dominate his reason, ever imagined it to be.

A citizen in journeying, ought to have the right to take his or her servants along, not in different conveyances, but in the same they occupy, so as to have the use of them, no matter what their color. If a white brute is inclined to commit an assault and battery on such servants because black, Judge AGNEW or any other Judge, would be better employed in punishing that brute than in indicting contumely on the servants, under pretense of protection, and in subjecting those they serve to the inconvenience of dispensing with them when they have need of their assistance.

The case is not a whit weaker in regard to a respectable black man who is his own master. A white *gentleman* will not disturb him. Ought white rascals to have the privilege of inflicting indignities upon him? or of constraining him to accept humiliations that he must feel as keenly as he would if his skin was white as alabaster?

If Judge AGNEW does not understand this matter, other men do. There are no natural repugnances between races. Persons brought up in our Southern States, or who have traveled there, know there is not. Nay, all men of reflection, who were born and have resided exclusively at the North, know there is not a word of truth in all the stuff about oppugnation of races. What white man objects to a black barber, or coachman, or table-waiter? Even the most delicate white beauty lolls with graceful languor in her coach, though driven by a black driver. The most fastidious white dandy drives fast horses, with a black servant sitting with folded arms, in dignified ease, at his side. Neither is the color anything, nor the contact. It is the relative condition that determines all.

Norman barons held the primitive Britons in the same contempt the whites of this country do the blacks, and for kindred reasons. The old nobility of England to-day assert their superiority over the middle and lower classes with as profound an hauteur as the brawling democrats of the United States proclaim their superiority over the blacks.

4. As long ago as the days of Blackstone it was a maxim of the civil law that "every wrong shall have a remedy," and, again, that "bad customs shall be abolished." These are not dictates of fanaticism; but just principles by which only any judicial system is made tolerable. Judge AGNEW appears to be of the opposite opinion. Although Slavery has been legally abrogated, and the Civil Rights Act adorns the national statute book, reflecting lustre upon the age, he rests under the dominion of old prejudices, and follows the teachings of old rulings. Judges are notoriously slow to learn, and Judge AGNEW slowest of them all, considering he professes to be a Republican. He seems like a lapsed specimen from the ancient era of the DRED SCOTT decision.

If railways shall be introduced into the Kingdom of Dohema, under the existing dynasty, it is quite likely the decision of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, upon which we are commenting, will be regarded as an invaluable precedent—only white, and not black, will be held by the scoty Judges, as the unfashionable and opprobrious color.

—Let us be thankful that the Legislative Bodies, wiser, and humaner, and juster than the Supreme Court, put on the statute book last year a law which makes this decision of none effect in all cases happening since its passage.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

ENGINEERS' AND MECHANICS' POCKET-BOOK —By Charles H. Haswell, Civil and Marine Engineer. Twenty-first Edition, Revised and Enlarged. New York: Harper & Brothers, Publishers, 1867. Pittsburgh: Henry Miner.

Ordinary minds are hardly able to estimate the value of this publication. It bears upon its pages the stamp of a master-mind, and the patient toil of years. This edition cost the author over ten years of careful labor, every page of which shows his pains-taking, to make it a complete "Hand-Book," for all who pursue skilled labor. Since the work was first published, it has passed through twenty-one editions, such has been its popularity. The new edition before us, has had large additions upon Arithmetical, Physical and Mechanical subjects. Valuable tables have also been inserted, and other important information. The book is nearly seven hundred pages, demi-duodecimo, fine, but firm paper, bound in flexible leather, with tucks, so as to make it convenient for the pocket. It treats of weights and measures, rules of arithmetic, weight and strength of materials, latitude and longitude, cable and anchor, specific gravities, mensuration of surfaces and solids, trgonometry, frictions, hydraulics gravitation, animal strength, and many other things of a similar character.

THE ADVENTURES OF OLIVER TWIST, etc.—Pictures from Italy and American Notes for General Circulation. By Charles Dickens. With Original Illustrations by S. Eytinge, Jr. 16 mo., pp. 681. Boston: Ticknor & Fields. For sale by Davis, Clark & Co., Pittsburgh.

This is the well known Diamond Edition, eleventh volume of the series. Like the preceding volumes, it is a marvel of neatness and completeness, both as it regards type, illustrations and binding. Its convenient size will be valued by many of the lovers of Dickens. The creative genius of the great novelist is wonderfully displayed in narrating the scenes through which Oliver Twist passed. The Pictures from Italy are well named for their charming style. The "American Notes" fill over one-fourth of the volume. The good traits of these "Notes" ought to overbalance any blemishes that may appear. Far better take the words of his preface as his true feelings when he says: "Prejudiced I am not, and never have been, otherwise than in favor of the United States."

RAINBOWS FOR CHILDREN. Edited by L. Maria Child. With twenty-eight illustrations. Pp. 170. Published by Ticknor & Fields, Boston. For sale by Davis, Clark & Co., Pittsburgh.

Among the interesting holiday books, just issuing from the press of Ticknor & Fields, for little folks, is "Rainbows for Children." The ten fairy stories are written in charming style, and teach lessons of worth and merit. The commendation of Mrs. Child is sufficient with those who are acquainted with this distinguished author's writings. They were not intended for publication, but were written for the amusement of a few children. The lessons taught have a healthy glow, and will no doubt be popular with young people.

SNOW BEARING: a Book for Young Folks. By Alice Carey. With illustrations. Square 16 mo., pp. 304. Boston: Ticknor & Fields. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

Alice Cary is one of the most charming writers of the day, and especially for the young. This delightful book is full of beautiful stories and poems that sparkle like diamonds, such is their glowing style. The work is divided into six parts, each containing a story and interspersed with poetic gems. Charming as the style of these stories, they are of such decided merit that the most fastidious need not desire a line to be erased. The illustrations render the work more interesting.

GRIMM'S GOBLINS. Selected from the Household Stories of the Brothers Grimm. With Illustrations in colors, from Cruikshank's Designs. Small 4to., pp. 111. Boston: Ticknor & Fields, publisher. Davis, Clarke & Co., Pittsburgh.

This little work contains thirteen fairy tales, written by the Brothers Grimm. It is couched in beautiful and fascinating language, and cannot fail to be favorably recieved by the young people. The elegant colored illustrations add much toward the interest of the work, and we look for a ready sale where the book is introduced. Like "Snow Berries," and "Rainbows for Children," the publishers have issued these small works in handsome style, and will strike the eye favorably.

THE PERSONAL HISTORY OF DAVID COPPERFIELD. By Charles Dickens. People's Edition. With illustrations by H. K. Browne. Philadelphia: T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Publishers. For sale by W. A. Gildenfenny, Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

This is the fourth volume of the "People's Edition, Illustrated," and it is said that the pathetic and interesting story delineates the author's life. Among the life-like writings of the distinguished novelist "David Copperfield" is pre-eminent, and is perhaps more familiar to the public than many of his other works. It is full of pathos and charming pictures of life, so that the reader is captivated with the spirit of enchantment. The illustrations are in fine taste, and add greatly to the beauty of the volume. We repeat what we stated in regard to a previous volume of this admirable series, that it is surprising that such a large stout work of nearly one thousand pages, printed on fine white paper, from large clear type, leaded, long primer in size, bound in cloth and beautifully illustrated, may be obtained for the low price of one dollar and fifty cents.

A COMPLETE ETYMOLOGY OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE: containing the Anglo-Saxon, French, Dutch, German, Welsh, Latin, Greek, &c., roots, and the English words derived therefrom accurately spelled, accented and defined. By William W. Smith, author of "The Little Speller," "The Grammar School Speller," etc. New York: A. S. Barnes & Co., Publishers. For sale by A. H. Inglish & Co., Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

This "Hand-book of Etymology" is a valuable work, and is really an acquisition to works of this character. It treats of words of similar pronounciation, but having different meanings; words similarly spelled but differently pronounced and applied; words spelled and pronounced alike; and rules for spelling. Part second gives the prefixes of English, Latin and Greek; roots and derivations of the Anglo Saxon, French, Dutch, Latin, &c. The plan of the book is plain, and admirably arranged for use, and furnishes a rich fund of valuable information.

A LATIN READER, to which is prefixed an Epitome of Latin Grammar, together with notes and copious references, &c. By Wm. B. Silber, A. M., College of the City of New York. Author of "Progressive Lessons in Greek." New York: A. S. Barnes and Company. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

The plan of this work is designed to facilitate the acquisition of this language, which enters so largely into our vernacular, and lies at the basis of several of our modern languages, and commends itself, as every one will see who examines it. Full one-third of the volume treats of the principles of the Latin language, followed with reading lessons, notes and references, Latin-English Vocabulary, and exercises in Latin prose composition. The editor has introduced some new features in the part relating to the grammar peculiarly his own. Students will find help in the study of this language. It ought to have a wide circulation.

THE AMERICAN BAPTIST ALMANAC FOR 1868. For sale at No. 11 Fifth street.

This a beautifully illustrated almanac, and contains in additions the usual calendar and reading matter, a classical and Biblical chronological table of much value and interest.

The statistical tables of the Baptist denomination are given in full, and exhibit a far greater numerical strength than is generally acceded to this important body. By the official returns of 1866 the membership in the United States is over a million; in North America it is 1,157,221. In addition to the regular Baptists there are Disciples, Seventh-day Baptists, Free-will Baptists, &c., with various shades of theological belief; but who belong to the family of *immersionists*, and swell the number to 1,880,517 in North America.

Their oldest institution of learning (Brown University, at Providence, R. I.,) was founded in 1769, seven years before the signing of the Declaration of Independence.

There are thirty literary and fourteen theological institutions under Baptist control in the United States, together with some forty weekly and monthly periodicals.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Ticknor & Fields, Boston, issue this month, besides the different editions of Dickens' Works, and the edition of Scott's Novels, two beautiful holiday books, Whittier's Snow Bound, and Owen Meredith's Lucile, both handsomely illustrated; The Guardian Angel, by Dr. Holmes; Prayers of the Ages; Stories and Sights in France and Italy, by Grace Greenwood; Opportunity, a new novel, by Miss Crane; A Week on the Concord and Merrimack Rivers, by Thorbeau; the Atlantic Almanac; new volumes of poems, by Robert Browning and Owen Meredith, and a Journey to Brazil, by Professor and Mrs. Agassiz, highly illustrated.

Hurd & Houghton, of New York, announce among their large Autumnal list of new publications, the following excellent books: Italian Journeys, by William D. Howells. The Diary of a Milliner; The Countess of Pembroke's Archadia, by Sir Philip Sidney; Poems of Faith, Hope, and Love, by Phoebe Carey; The Home Altar; Paul and Virginia; Poems, by Elizabeth C. Kinney; Four Years among the Spanish Americans, by Hon. F. Hassaurek. Also, Law-Books—Principles of the Law of Contracts; Treatise on the Law of Insurance; An Introduction to the Constitutional Law of the United States.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE regulates and tones the Stomach.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is a sovereign remedy for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure cures fever and ague. Let those afflicted with this malady try it.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure cures instantaneously, and you do not have to wait a week to see its effects.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is the greatest appetizer ever known; it not only creates the appetite, but enables you to easily digest your food.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is recommended by all the leading physicians.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is an invaluable friend to all who are weak, debilitated and in a low state of normal action.

☞ Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity.

JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist,
No. 84 Market Street,
Corner of the Diamond, near Fourth.
nov7:MWF

Shall Nature be Sustained?

To give debilitating medicines to the weak is about as sensible as it would be to try to help a man to his feet by kicking him when he was down.

That sort of practice is going out of fashion. It has filled so many graveyards that people no longer believe it.

If those who are not strong by nature expect to avoid the attacks of disease, they must endeavor to acquire the vigor necessary to resist it.

How is this to be done? Common sense suggests by the use of invigorating medicine.

The great object is to strengthen the system without exciting it.

This object is accomplished by the judicious use of the most potent and genial of all vegetable tonics and alteratives, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

Many valuable properties are combined in this preparation. It improves the appetite and renders digestion easy and perfect.

It gives steadiness to the nerves. Induces a healthy, natural flow of bile, prevents constipation without unduly purging the bowels; gently stimulates the circulation, and by promoting a vigorous condition of the physical system, promotes also, that cheerfulness which is the truest indication of a well-balanced condition of all the animal powers.

Summer leaves both the body and the mind debilitated, or less expected. Now is the time to recruit them, and thus forestall the malarious fevers and other complaints which prostrate so many thousands every fall.

BLIND EYES RESTORED.

The case to which we alluded some weeks ago, of Christiana Fisher, of Beaver county, is now entirely confirmed by the appearance of Miss Fisher herself, who to-day called on DR. KEYSER in person, to thank him for his genius and skill in restoring her TO ENTIRE AND PERFECT SIGHT. Miss Fisher had been nearly blind for four months. She was so blind that she could not distinguish any object so as to make out what it was. The case is remarkable, as hundreds of cases like hers are doomed to never-ending darkness, on the flimsy pretext that there is no cure, and nothing can be done. She was under DOCTOR KEYSER'S treatment for two months, and before she applied to him thrown her brother, Simon F. Fisher, slight hopes were entertained of her ever gaining her sight. Her case is well known in the neighborhood where she resides, and has been regarded as one of extraordinary recovery.

We, the undersigned, know of the cure of Miss Fisher, and bear willing testimony to the facts above stated.

CHRISTINA FISHER,
SIMON F. FISHER, (Brother,)
ANNIE BRADLEY,
Taylor Avenue, Allegheny.
EUNICE MCCASKEY,
LOUISA FISHER, (her neice.)

DR. KEYSER'S OFFICE and CONSULTATION ROOMS, No. 120 PENN STREET, corner of Evans alley.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 84 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements in the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Dominion.

SUNDRIES.

16 sacks Dried Peaches;
20 " Apples;
7 " Feathers.
Now arriving, for sale by
nov6 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

COTTON—11 bales just received, for sale by
nov6 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

TENN. PEA-NUTS—30 sks. now arriving, for sale by
nov6 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

LEAD.—500 pigs best brands Galena Lead, in store and for sale by
nov6 JOHN E. CAMFIELD & SON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOARDING.—A few Boarders can find
PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH GOOD BOARD,
At No. 139 GRANT STREET.
Terms moderate. nov6:lt5

NEW DUTCH HERRING.—Just received a supply of
PRIME NEW DUTCH HERRING.
Put up in small kegs, and for sale by the keg or at retail, at the Family Grocery Store of
NO. A. RENSHAW,
nov6 Corner Liberty and Hand Streets.

IN THE MATTER of the APPLICATION OF THE GERMAN BUILDING ASSOCIATION, OF WEST MANCHESTER, No. 1. Notice is hereby given that the above named Association has applied to the Court of Common Pleas, at No. 86, December Term, 1867, for a Charter of Incorporation, and the same will be granted at the next term of said Court, unless exceptions are filed to it in proper time.
JACOB H. WALTER,
nov6:3t Prothonotary.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS.

One 7 octave Rosewood case, made by Hacon & Raven.
One 7 octave, made by Miller & Gibson.
One 7¼ octave, made by Chickering.
One 7 octave, made by W. Bourne.
One 6¼ octave, made by Leicele & Co.

All the above are in good order, and will be sold at very low prices, to close out the lot.
Also, five second hand Organs and Melodeons.
C. C. MELLOR,
nov6 61 WOOD STREET.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at Court House, in Greensburg, on MONDAY, the 11TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to wit:

Thirty-two Barrels of Whisky, seized and taken as the property of, (name or owner unknown,) to the suit of the United States.

THOS. A. ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshal, Western District, Pa.
MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 1st, 1867. nov6:td5

FOR RENT.

Seventy-Acres of Cleared Land
And TWENTY ACRES OF WOODLAND,

Near Parnassus Station, on the Allegheny Valley Railway, eighteen miles from Pittsburgh. The farm is divided into eight fields, with good fencing, is fed by good
TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE,
price feet, and log stables. About twenty acres of the land is now clearing. Its natural advantages and nearness to railway station make it worthy the attention of farmers, dairymen and market gardeners.

Apply to Mr. STEPHEN YOUNG, on the farm adjoining, or address ALEX. YOUNG,
nov7:3t Monmouth, Ill., Oct. 25th, 1867. nov6:lt5&7

AT PRICES TO CORRESPOND WITH THE LATE DECLINE!

FINE FRENCH MERINOS, $1.00.
Choice shades POPLIN ALPACCAS.
SILK CHAIN EPINGLINES.
POPLIN REPS.
BLACK SILKS.
FANCY SILKS.
LINEN GOODS, &c.

JOHN PORTER,
91 MARKET STREET.

DOTT'S CLOTHES WASHER.

WHAT THE PRESS SAY OF IT.

The rich might do without it as a machine, but the poor, who must value time, labor, and the saving of it of others, if we look on them as household necessities.—*Working Farmer.*

It is worth one dollar per week in any family.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The more it is used, the more in favor. We like it.—*Prairie Farmer, Chicago.*

It really merits all the good that can be said of it.—*Rural New Yorker.*

It fully sustains all its claims.—*Wisconsin Chief.*

After trial, a good economical housewife will not be without it. It is the very best washing machine we ever saw.—*New Haven Journal and Courier.*

It is a great one to get action to the family than the crank Machine.—*Rev. E. F. Hatch.*

I do not hesitate to give it the preference.—*Wm. A. Pitch, Ed. Amer. Agriculturist.*

For sale at 28 and 30 St. Clair street.
E. H. PHILLIPS,
nov6 Sole agents for this county.

STONE DRAIN PIPE.

For Sewerage.

This pipe is the best and cheapest medium for sewerage or drain purposes known.

20,000 FEET
FOR SALE BY
BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
No. 167 Smithfield Street,
oct31:tdw&s PITTSBURGH, PA.

CHEAP ALL-WOOL *INGRAIN CARPETS,*

In bright colors, at 75 cents to $1.00 per yard,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
nov1 71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET.

DOUBLE WIDTH
English Tapestry
BRUSSELS CARPETS,
In private patterns, just opened by
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET.
nov1

The Highest Market Price
PAID FOR
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
GOLD, SILVER,
COUPONS AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
J. F. STARK & CO., Bankers,
Cor. WOOD AND THIRD STREETS.
sept26:tf

LADIES' FURS.

An endless variety, of superior quality.
SELLING AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
Also, all the NEW STYLES
HATS AND CAPS,
AT
PRATT & BENNY'S,
No. 107 Federal Street, Allegheny.
oct2

GENT'S UNDERWEAR;

LADIES' UNDERWEAR;
HOSIERY AND GLOVES;
ZEPHYR KNIT GOODS;
SHAWLS, SACQUES, ETC.,
Just opened at
F. H. EATON'S,
16 FIFTH STREET.
oct29

COCOA MATTINGS,

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES,
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET.
nov1

LADIES'
FURS.

An endless variety of superior quality, selling at the LOWEST PRICES. Also, all the NEW STYLES
HATS and CAPS,
AT
McCORD & CO.'S,
No. 121 WOOD STREET.
oct29

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
third house above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE
LIVERY AND SALE STABLES,
126 & 140 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.
Carriages for Funerals, $4.00. Hearse for Funerals, $5.00. Horses bought and sold on commission. Wood Yard—cuts 2 ft. precautions.
WM. WAND.
oct26:82:tf

BOQUETS & CUT FLOWERS,
At the OAKLAND GREENHOUSES.
oct26 JOHN R. & A. MURDOCK.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

McCALLUM BROTHERS,
No. 51 Fifth Street.
CARPETS.
CARPETS.
CARPETS.
A splendid assortment of low priced
All-Wool Ingrains.
A magnificent stock of
OIL CLOTHS.
A new invoice of
Crumb Cloths, Druggets.
An extra quality of
RAG CARPETS.
McCALLUM BROS.,
51 Fifth Street, above Wood.
nov6

ENGLISH
WOOLEN DRUGGETS,
AND
CRUMB CLOTHS,
NEW PATTERNS,
BRIGHT COLORS,
BEST QUALITIES,
LOW PRICES.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
Nos. 71 & 73 FIFTH ST.
nov6

COUNTRY BLANKETS,
AT
J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S.

Large size and best BLANKETS in the city.
3-4, 4-4; 5-4 WHITE FLANNELS;
RED AND YELLOW FLANNELS;
GREY AND COLORED FLANNELS;
GREY TWILLED FLANNELS;
SHIRTING FLANNELS;
WATERPROOF CLOTHS;
WIDE VELVETS;
And a large assortment of NEW GOODS.
Remember the place,
No. 57 MARKET STREET.

VELVET CARPETS,
BRUSSELS CARPETS,
INGRAIN CARPETS,
NEW PATTERNS.
At prices LOWER than those of Boston, New York or Philadelphia.
NEW INVOICES JUST OPENED.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & COMPANY,
No. 23 FIFTH STREET.

NEW FALL STOCK OF CARPETS!

A large assortment of
ALL WOOL INGRAINS,
WOOL DUTCH,
LIST AND RAG,
HALL AND STAIR,
COTTAGE AND HEMP,
ENGLISH AND
AMERICAN DRUGGETS,
MEDALLION DRUGGETS.

We offer many of our goods much below last spring's prices. Special inducements to those who buy to sell.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH STREET.
oct31:vfd&wT Over Bates & Bell's.

MAXFIELD & CO.'S
PRAIRIE FLOWER
FINE-CUT TOBACCO,
IN BULK.

This celebrated Fine-Cut Chewing Tobacco is perfectly pure, which cannot be said of the imitations with which the ordinary Chewing Tobacco is contaminated.

For sale Wholesale and Retail, at
CHAS. C. BAER'S,
Dealer in
Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes and Smoking Tobacco.
108 WOOD STREET.
oct26:tf&s

MARVIN'S
CRACKERS
ARE SUPERIOR TO ANY
EVER BEFORE OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
No. 91 Liberty St.,
FOOT OF FOURTH.
oct26

DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!

I WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION of my customers to my stock, in which will be found a large assortment of
DRESS GOODS AND CASSIMERES,
For Men and Boys' wear.
CLOAKING CLOTHS, of great variety.
BLANKETS, both Country & Eastern make.
Fullerton's Freeport BARRED FLANNELS.
4-4 and 6-4 WHITE FLANNELS.
HOUSE KEEPERS GOODS, in all grades.
CLOAKS and SACQUES made to order.
H. J. LYNCH,
No. 96 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
oct1:g16

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED
TRUNK HOUSE IN THE CITY.
W. J. GILMORE,
(Successor to GILMORE & LINDLEY,)
Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
TRUNKS,
Valises, Carpet Bags, &c.
☞ A large assortment of LADIES' SATCHELS always on hand.
No. 100 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.
oct26:g16

SHEPHARD'S
CRACKERS,
317 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PERD. ANDERSON.....THOS. G. WILSON.
(Late of Anderson & Myers.)
ANDERSON & WILSON,
Merchant Tailors,
AND DEALERS IN
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
120 FOURTH STREET, near Smithfield.

Just received, our Fall and Winter Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Overcoatings and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, which we are prepared to make up in the latest styles, at reasonable prices. Call and see us.
oct26:g16

REMOVAL.
GREAT SALE AT COST!

My large stock of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS is offered at cost. I am preparing to move into my new building, No. 120 SMITHFIELD st., between Fifth and Sixth streets, and will dispose of my present stock at GREAT COST FOR PRICES.
JOHN H. KLEBER,
oct26:g10 No. 120 Smithfield street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REAL LACES.
REAL LACES.
REAL LACES.
REAL LACES.
We have just opened, this day, some superb styles of
REAL POINT GAUZE HANDKERCHIEFS.
REAL POINT GAUZE FANCHONS.
REAL POINT GAUZE COIFFURES.
REAL POINT GAUZE BARBES.
REAL POINT GAUZE SETTS.
This lot is part of a special importation, and are offered at much under regular prices.
Ladies will find some elegant goods in this lot, and well worth their attention.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
No. 19 Fifth Street.
REAL LACES
REAL LACES.
REAL LACES.
nov6

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!
Wholesale and Retail, at
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.

HEAVY CASSIMERES,
HEAVY DOESKINS,
WATER-PROOF CLOTH,
JEANS, SATINETS,
HEAVY BARRED FLANNELS,
TWILLED FLANNELS,
BLEACHED CANTON FLANNELS,
UNBLEACHED CANTON FLANNELS;
PLAIN AND OPERA FLANNELS,
DELAINES, ALPACCAS,
POPLINS, MERINOS,
TABLE LINEN, CRASH,
TICKINGS, CHECKS,
LADIES' AND MISSES' SHAWLS,
FANCY KNIT SHAWLS,
SONTAGS, HOODS,
BLUE BLANKETS,
GREY BLANKETS,
COUNTRY BLANKETS,
QUILTS, COVERLETS,
MEN'S UNDERSHIRTS & DRAWERS,
HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
TRIMMINGS, GLOVES,
HOSIERY, NOTIONS, &c.,
A good assortment at LOW PRICES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny City, Pa.

AUTUMN TRADE, 1867.
M'ELROY,
DICKSON
& COMPANY,
No. 54 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH,
Now Offer Their
FALL STOCK
DOMESTIC AND FANCY
DRY GOODS,
SHAWLS,
AND NOTIONS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
The assortment will be kept complete during the Season, and
Cash and Short Time Buyers
Are invited to examine the Stock.
S. B. McELROY,
JAMES DICKSON,
JOHN T. SMART.

CARTER'S
NEW
SHOE HOUSE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A
BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE
AT
No. 47 Fifth Street,
(OPPOSITE THE OLD THEATRE.)
Where he is prepared to sell BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS at less prices than can be purchased at any other house in this city. Give me a call and be convinced.
DANIEL CARTER.

TOBIES! TOBIES! TOBIES!
50,000
NO. 1 TOBIES,
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
Also, 500,000
Lancaster Half Spanish Cigars,
Just received, which we offer to the trade cheap for cash.
☞ Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
No. 6 Federal Street,
oct26:g16 ALLEGHENY CITY.

PRICES REDUCED.
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH STREET.
Offer for sale their large stock of
DRESS GOODS,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
nov6

NEW STYLES
BISMARK AND GRECIAN
SUITS,
The newest styles for the fall season, of BOYS' SUITS.
GRAY & LOGAN,
No. 67 St. Clair Street.

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY TO BUY THE TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,
Is at No. 166 GRANT STREET.
oct26 F. C. DUFFY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & COMPANY,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
No. 115 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, Pa.,
OFFER AT EASTERN PRICES
Dress Goods, Prints, Ginghams, Checks, Jeans, Tweeds, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, F. & M. Cassimeres, Flannels, Shawls, Skirts, White Goods, Bleached and Brown Domestics,
A FULL LINE OF
Notions and Small Goods, Barred Flannels,
Of Eastern and home manufacture.
WE ARE AGENTS FOR
FULLERTON'S
FREEPORT BARRED FLANNELS,
CRAIG'S
Greenville Barred Flannels,
AND
COUNTRY BLANKETS,
strictly on commission, at Mill Prices.
A Full Line in all Departments.
Buyers are invited to call and examine our Goods and Prices, at
115 Wood Street.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.

INITIAL PAPER
AND
ENVELOPES,
Neatly put up in boxes.
FANCY STATIONERY.
BLANK BOOKS,
Of every description, on hand and made to order.
PAPER, every size and quality,
DRAY BOOKS, FARS BOOKS,
RECEIPT BOOKS, TIME BOOKS,
CHECK BOOKS, on all the Banks.
MYERS, SCHOVER & CO.,
Post Building, 39 Fifth Street.

THE FORT PITT LUMBER CO.
Capital, ... $125,000.
President—EDW. DITHRIDGE.
Secretary—T. A. WRIGHT.
Superintendent—JAS. GILLESPIE.
The FORT PITT LUMBER CO. having purchased TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-ONE ACRES of excellent pine timber in Forest County, Pa., and erected thereon a large Steam Saw Mill, are now prepared to supply every variety of FIRST CLASS PINE LUMBER, from their yard,
NINTH WARD, corner of Lumber and Allegheny Sts.
☞ Communications by mail should be addressed to T. A. WRIGHT, Secretary,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,
No. 31 Fifth Street,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED the most complete assortment of
LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S
BOOTS, SHOES & GAITERS.
The latest style of
FALL AND WINTER WALKING BOOTS.
IMPORTED SLIPPERS.
MISSES' & CHILDREN'S SCHOOL SHOES, neatly made and durable.
INFANTS' LACE and BUTTON BOOTS.
All of which are offered
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
Call and examine the best quality and style of Shoes in Pittsburgh.
No. 31

The Pittsburgh Gazette

STATE NEWS.

—The Erie *Dispatch* says: On Wednesday night, Mrs. Mary Morritz, who was confined in the upper part of the house attached to the jail, which portion is used as a prison for females, broke out by cutting a hole through the ceiling and making a rope of the bed clothes, with which she managed to escape. She was confined to ensure her appearance at court on a charge of stealing goods from Mr. Ball and from Dr. Stewart. There was no doubt of her guilt. She is the third female that has broken out of that portion of the jail.

—In Littlestown, Pa., a young white girl, about 16 years of age, was assaulted by a negro, who pinioned her arms, placed a gag in her mouth, and then forcibly violated her person. This diabolical deed was committed in the house in which the girl lived, during the absence of other members of the family. The black fiend fled, but was subsequently recaptured and taken before a justice of the peace. Bail could not be obtained and the negro was placed in the custody of a constable to be taken to the county prison. On their way to Gettysburg the prisoner managed to escape and is still at large. His victim was very much injured, and has been in a suffering condition ever since. The scoundrel ought to have been lynched on the spot by the people of Littlestown.

—The Easton *Free Press*, of Wednesday, says: "We hear it reported, but can give no authority, that the East Pennsylvania Railroad Company have determined to extend their road to Easton. They will cross the Lehigh at Allentown, and then strike Bath, from thence they will follow the Bushkill stream to Easton. The road has been surveyed."

—Two refiners at Trout Run, near Titusville, have absconded, one leaving some $12,000 of debts behind him and the other $6,000. Their refineries have been seized by the Government, but are of but slight value. They will, however, be sold for the benefit of Government on the 14th inst.

—Julesburg is said to be the worst place in the oil regions, which is certainly saying a good deal. The Titusville *Herald* gives an account of a duel which took place there in which both principals were killed, the first being in Julesburg took any notice of it, as similar affairs, such as murders and homicides, are of too frequent occurrence to make any sensation there.

—In Philadelphia a man, name unknown, feeling a little spiteful the other day, went into a stable and deliberately cut the throats of three horses which were standing there. It is said that the owner of these animals recently shot a cat belonging to the murderer of the horses, and that on this injury his feelings of spite were based. Of course the three horses died.

—The there are more people out of employment there now than there were in May, and enjoins the strictest economy on all classes.

—A Mr. Alexander Burnet, of Reading, Pa., was stabbed and robbed of $10, which was all the money he had about him, in one of the principal streets of that town, on Saturday evening. Mr. Burnett is severely, but not dangerously wounded.

—We clip the following latest oil new from the Titusville *Herald*:

About two weeks since a new well was struck on Lease No. 307 of the McClintock Farms, and is now pouring about thirty barrels per day. The working interest is controlled by the Leslie brothers.

A new well was struck on Wednesday last on Lease No. 2 of the Thomas Woods Farm. It is now showing finely, and it promises to be a large producing well. The property is almost wholly owned by Mr. S. A. Woods.

The Central Petroleum Company's new well on Lease 350 of the McClintock Farms, is now producing fifty barrels. It is located near the line of the Woods Farm and but a few rods distant from the flowing well.

Late advices from New York state that petroleum freights to Europe are declining under an increased supply of tonnage.

Three oil pipes have been laid across the Allegheny River from Oil City to the track of the Allegheny Valley Railroad. In order to prevent these pipes from being carried away by the ice drift wood they have been embedded in the bottom of the river.

The Beason Oil Company's well on Cleverly Run, near Oil City, is being tested. From present appearances it promises to produce about twenty barrels per day.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Why is a tired man like an umbrella? Because he is used up.

—There are now upward of five hundred American students in the various universities of Germany.

—Thackeray used to say that the "Sorrows of Werther" was really the drollest book of the century, and yet all Europe wept over it the first few years after its appearance.

—The Marvel, the esteemed friend of every one who has ever read his books, is giving all of his time to landscape gardening, for which his admirers can most heartily bless him.

—Charles XV., the present King of Sweden, is a landscape painter of no mean acquirements. He exhibits regularly in the art galleries of Sweden, and in the city wherein whose works appear in those of Paris.

—Wm. T. Dowman, an ex-rebel officer, fell violently in love the other day, with a young woman he met near Galveston, Texas, and learning she was married himself followed the example of Werther, and blew out his brains.

—Professor Lowell, in his article on "the Winthrop Papers," in the last *North American*, says of Hugh Peter that he was selfish "with that clerical unction which in a vulgar nature so easily degenerates into greasiness."

—About midnight, Thursday, a fire broke out in the Central Presbyterian church, on Fourth street, Des Moines, Iowa, destroying it and Sherman's photograph gallery and Barnard's millinery store. The next property destroyed Register building, a magnificent structure, was saved only by the efforts of citizens with water pails. As usual, the wind blew fiercely, and the city was in imminent danger from sparks. It is supposed the church was set on fire, as no fire had been in it since Wednesday evening. There was no insurance except on the church.

—A Washington paper says: "It will be remembered that some six weeks ago we mentioned the fact that an alligator, which had been captured in the harbor of Baltimore and exhibited at the Schuetzenfest near that city, had found its way to Georgetown. It was then represented as about six feet long. It is now in Fountain Head Hotel, Bridge street, and has grown considerably, measuring in length fully seven feet, and has become quite tamed, so much so that the children of the proprietor play and fondle with it as with a young kitten. Hunters need to see the strange creature, and the family of the proprietor has become so much attached to it that nothing will induce them to part with it."

—A Dresden correspondent writes: "I do not wonder that the New York or Boston belles are so much horrified at the gods and goddesses, most of whom are 'considerably nude,' as English accounts of American female prudery would lead one to believe they would be. Indeed, one would hardly wonder if they were, here in Dresden; for Rubens has certainly done his 'very fairest' in the way of exuberant and undraped flesh, in some of the large pictures adorning the three principal saloons. Little is left to the imagination, but the delicate young American girls imagine such free-and-easy works with a smiling indifference which does them great credit.

—The University crews of Harvard and Yale are already beginning to organize for the race of 1868. Several changes have taken place in the Harvard crew, Simmons taking the stroke vacated by Loring. Holdridge will probably keep the bow, and Richards and Watson, of last year's crew, will fill the remaining places. The Harvards are already in training. The Yale crew will consist of Perry, Cook, Lee and Coffin, of the old crew, with Hitchcock, the stroke of the Freshman crew of last year, and J. C. Hall. Parry will have the stroke, and McClintock will have the bow oar. Both crews are strong, and the next contest will undoubtedly be as exciting as any previous one.

—The observance of Halloween in the borough of Cambria, adjoining Johnstown, on Thursday evening, Oct. 31st, was attended with a tragical denouement. We understand the facts to be these: As a party of boys, who were observing the custom in the way generally popular with them, were passing the residence of Conrad Thompson, a shot was fired from within by the hands of said Thompson, as a result of which a boy named Daniel Mc'Donald, aged fourteen years, received his death at four o'clock, on this (Friday) morning. The ball entered the boy in the breast, and lodged near the heart. Thompson at once gained his gun, as we hear, and fled. He has not been taken. Coroner Rutledge on hand.

—There is a little circle of territory in Europe called the principality of Monaco. Over it reigns as proud monarch an individual called Charles IV. It possessed within its limits (though now no longer) a railway named Diedrich. The Prince owned it saloon railway carriage, and the engineer received it, charging therefor the large amount sum of 35f. The Prince promised to pay the bill, and the carpenter used him therefor. The Judge de Paix condemned his Serene Highness to pay it, and the Prince in retaliation forbid the Judge to set foot in his territory. The daring mechanic might open a shop just over the frontier, and then be in easy communication with all his old customers. Or, perhaps, he will seize the principality and sell it at public auction to pay the debt. We have some real estate agents who might wish to bid on it.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.
BY JOHN W. GEARY, GOVERNOR.

From the creation of the world, in all ages and climes, it has been customary to set apart certain days for special religious observance. This has not always been influenced by the light of Christian knowledge, nor by any proper conception of the character of that Great Being "who ruleth the earth in righteousness," and "who daily loadeth with his benefits;" but by an innate sense of the existence of an over-ruling Power, by which the world and all it contains are governed and controlled. Aided by the dictates of cultivated reason, and the teachings of Divine revelation, we, however, are taught to recognize in that Supreme Ruler a Heavenly Father, to whom we are indebted for existence and all the blessings we enjoy, and to whom we owe constant and fervent thanksgiving and praise. It is He who "visiteth the earth and watereth it;" who "setteth the furrows and blesseth the springings thereof;" who crowneth the year with his goodness, and whose paths drop fatness;" who "clothest the pastures with flocks, and coverest the valleys with corn; who maketh the out-goings of the morning and the evening to rejoice;" who is "our refuge and strength;" who "maketh wars to cease," and "saveth us from our enemies," whose "throne is forever and ever," and who "ruleth the nations whose God is the Lord."

On all sides we have increased assurances of the "loving kindness" of an All-wise Parent of Good, who has conducted our nation through a long and terrible war, and permitted our peoples once more repose in safety, "without any to molest them or make them afraid." The monstrous sentiment of disunion is no longer tolerated. The Flag, the Union, and the Constitution are esteemed as the safeguards of the rights and liberties of the people, and are revered and defended as the ark of their political safety.

A kind Providence has not grown weary of supplying our continuous wants. A bounteous harvest has rewarded the labors of the husbandman. Flocks and herds are scattered in countless numbers over our valleys and hills. Commerce is uninterrupted, and vessels laden with the products of nature and of art, speed, unmolested, over the trackless deep. Notwithstanding family, political or social evils, financial embarrassments or commercial distress, have been permitted to stay the progress and happiness of the people of this great Commonwealth; but peace, health, education, morality, religion, social improvement and refinement, with their attendant blessings, have filled the cup of comfort and enjoyment to overflowing.

Recognizing our responsibility to Him who controls the destinies of nations as well as of individuals, and "from whom cometh down every good and perfect gift," and to whom we are deeply indebted for all these and the richer blessings of our common Christianity, I do unitedly give our most devout gratitude and hearty thanksgiving.

I, therefore, do hereby recommend that THURSDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF NOVEMBER INSTANT, be set apart as a day of praise and thanksgiving, that all secular and worldly business be suspended, and the people assemble in their various places of worship to acknowledge their gratitude and offer up prayers for a continuance of Divine favor.

Given under my Hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this thirty-first day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and of the Commonwealth the ninety-second.

JNO. W. GEARY.

By the Governor:
F. JORDAN, Secretary of State.

TOTTEN & CO.
IRON FOUNDERS AND ENGINE BUILDERS,
FULTON FOUNDRY,
PITTSBURGH.
Office and Warehouse, 141 Wood St.
Special attention given to the manufacture of
Rolling Mill and Blast Furnace Engines.
Squeezers, Shears and Punches.
Plain Chill and Soft Rolls, of any required dimensions, warranted, and turned to order.
Roll Machines, Ernest's Pattern.
Pollock's Hot Blast Pipes.
House Fronts and Window Heads.
Castings made of GUN METAL, if desired.
Totten's Patent Grooved Chill Rolls,
Specially valuable for BAR IRON AND STEEL, and especially for rounds and squares. We have made these Rolls for 8 inch, 9 inch, 8 inch, 10 inch, 11 inch and 12 inch Mills, and believe them to have given great satisfaction, and we have no hesitation in referring to any of the following manufacturers:
OFFICE OF THE AGAWAM IRON CO.,
Ashton, July 25th, 1867.
Mr. Lieut. C. Totten, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Dear Sir: We have and a pair of your patent grooved chill rolls in use for the last six months, and for them to be of a smooth, even surface, and free from great advantage, making better iron and of less weight, consequently requiring less coal to puddle. Yours truly,
W. J. GROSVENOR, Sup't.
PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS,
ANDERSON, COOK & CO., Manufacturers of all kinds of Cast Steel.
Corner of Ross and First streets,
PITTSBURGH, Sept. 7, 1867.
Mr. Lieut. C. Totten, Pittsburgh—Dear Sir:—The grooved chilled rools which we procured from you about three years since have proved to be a perfect success. There is a great saving in dressing over soft rolls, and gives a better finish to the iron. We consider them indispensable.
Yours truly,
ANDERSON, COOK & CO.
BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS,
PARK BROTHER & CO.,
PITTSBURGH, Sept. 18, 1867.
Mr. Lieut. C. Totten, Pittsburgh.—Dear Sir:—In reply to your inquiry in relation to your new patent Chill Rolls, we take pleasure in stating that having used a number of them, we find they accomplish all you claim for them. We have rolled as fine a finish up to our level as could not be had with the best of the ordinary grooved Rolls, and for nailing iron or for turning your Rolls ready for use, is fully as good as any we have ever used. When plain Chill Rolls have to be grooved in the turning process, the iron is liable to split in the finished grooved Chill Rolls is, that the whole surface of the groove is uniformly hard, requiring but very little dressing, and the Rolls will stand as well as dressing the ordinary grooved Rolls. We have no hesitation in recommending them to the trade.
Respectfully yours,
PARK BROTHER & CO.
We take pleasure in recommending manufacturers of nails and kindred iron goods to call and examine the above Rolls in operation at our Rolling Mills.
We think we are warranted in saying that they will eventually take the place of Soft Rolls, especially in Nail Factories.
All orders promptly attended to.
LEWIS HIM.....NICHOLAS SCHWARTZ.
KIM & SCHWARTZ,
Wholesale and Retail Manufacturers of
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware,
And Dealers in COOKING STOVES AND HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
TIN ROOFING AND JOB WORK DONE TO ORDER.
No. 118 SMITHFIELD STREET, opposite the Post Office, and No. 44 WYLIE STREET, near the Tunnel.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,
Iron Broker,
124 First Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Monongo, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Oliphant's C. B. Charcoal Pig Irons.
Consignments and orders respectfully solicited.
E. H. TYLER.....F. F. ROBINSON.
TYLER & ROBINSON,
(Successors to JAMES CHARLES.)
MANUFACTURERS OF
LOG PUMPS,
And all kinds of WOODEN TUBING, corner of FIRST and THIRD Sts., Allegheny City. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Contracting done on the shortest notice.
F. ANTOS,
MECHANICAL AND ENGINEERING
DRAFTSMAN.
Office—Cor. Fifth & Market Sts.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
SCHOOL BOOKS.
The undersigned is prepared to furnish all kinds of SCHOOL BOOKS and their accompaniments, to purchasers, at the lowest prices. Also, Agent for A. S. BARNES' BOOKS and STATIONERY; PIERCE'S PATENT SLATES and SLATE PENCILS. All orders promptly attended to.
C. O. REINEMAN,
112 Third St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
A. E. ENGLISH & CO.,
No. 98 Fourth Street,
Publishers of OSGOOD'S READERS, DYAR'S SPELLERS, BUTLER'S GRAMMAR AND OUR NATIVE SONG BOOKS. Also, manufacturers of BLANK BOOKS. BOOK BINDING executed in the best manner. A large stock of STATIONERY constantly on hand.
$15,000 TO LOAN,
ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
C. M. PETTY,
No. 62 Smithfield Street.
Real Estate bought and sold.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Warm Air Registers and Ventilators,
Black or White Enameled, Square or Round, at
BERGNER, & CO'S,
No. 238 LIBERTY ST.
GEORGE BRAVEN,
CARDY MANUFACTURER,
And dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c.,
118 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City.

SPECIAL NOTICES.
WM. BARNHILL & CO.,
BOILER MAKERS
AND
SHEET IRON WORKERS,
Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.
Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.
Repairing done on the shortest notice. 16:6m
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT
BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor. Immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties.
NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.
Manufactured only by
PHALON & SON, New York.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
HELMBOLD'S
BUCHU
Is a certain cure for diseases of the
BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
FEMALE COMPLAINTS,
GENERAL DEBILITY,
And all diseases of the
URINARY ORGANS,
Whether existing in
MALE OR FEMALE,
From whatever cause originating, and no matter of
HOW LONG STANDING.
Diseases of these organs requires the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or insanity may ensue. Our Fluids and Blood are supported from these sources, and the
HEALTH AND HAPPINESS,
so that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
Established upwards of 18 years. Prepared by
H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Sold by all Druggists.
HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BUCHU is the Great Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is the Best Blood Purifier. Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be obtained.
Sold by Druggists everywhere.
LAKE SUPERIOR
COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS.
PITTSBURGH.
PARK, McCURDY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Sheathing, Bracket and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Bell Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Tin Plates, Block Tin, Pig Iron, Banca Tin, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST AVENUE and 130 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.
Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT
BUCHU gives health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek. Its influence is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, Consumption, insanity, or epileptic fits ensue.
ROBINSON, REA & CO.,
(Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER,)
WASHINGTON WORKS,
Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,
Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office: No. 12 corner First and Smithfield Sts.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers.
ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS of both sexes use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It tones brisk and energetic feelings, and enable rest to sleep well.
THE HEALING POOL.
AND HOUSE OF MERCY.
HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS, FOR YOUNG MEN, on the CRIME OF SOLITUDE, and the ERRORS, ABUSES and DISEASES which destroy the mind's powers, and create impediments to MARRIAGE, with rare means of relief, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN H. HOUGHTON, Howard Associations, Philadelphia, Pa.
TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT and UNSAFE REMEDIES for suppressed and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH.
QUINCY A. SCOTT,
DENTIST,
NO. 218 PENN STREET,
PITTSBURGH.
HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action.
THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR are regained by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
PAINTERS.
WEMLEY COULTER.....JOHN LANE.
COULTER & LANE,
House and Sign Painters,
No. 100 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh,
(Opposite Cathedral.)
GLASS CARDS done to order.
W. B. ROWLAND.....W. M. HARRIS.
ROWLAND & HARRIS,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,
No. 64 DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.
CALCIMINING done in the best manner.
J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,
House and Sign Painter,
No. 122 THIRD STREET, Pittsburgh.
Graining, Glazing and Gilding
NEATLY EXECUTED.
MIXED PAINTS, VARNISHES, PUTTY, GLASS, BRUSHES, TURPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, ZINC, &c.
T. R. HUTCHINSON.....E. J. HEPBURN.
HUTCHINSON & HEPBURN,
HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,
GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,
No. 68 PENN'A AVENUE, Pittsburgh.
All orders by mail promptly attended to.
REMOVAL.
JOHN F. CLULEY,
House and Sign Painter,
Has removed to
No. 124 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Opposite the old stand.
ROBERT M'COWAN.....JNO. SNYDER.
M'COWAN & SNYDER,
HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS, AND GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS.
No. 65, North side of Diamond, Allegheny.
Commercial and glass signs made to order.
Orders for paper hanging and prepared ceilings executed. Mixed Paints, Window Glass and Putty constantly on hand.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.,
CHAS. H. KNAKE.....WM. H. KNAKE.....W. L. BOETTLER.
BARR, KNAKE & BOETTLER,
Successors to WAMELINK & BARR,
No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.
DEALERS IN
Pianos, Organs,
And Musical Goods generally.
Sole Agents for the Celebrated HEAD BUSH, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO. Philadelphia, PIANOS.
Also, STEIN & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and D. & H. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.
The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand.
KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS.—The utmost in power, beautiful; the most elegant finished; will stand in tune longer than any other. New stock just received.
For sale at less than factory prices.
CHARLOTTE BLUME, 42 Fifth street,
Sole Agent for Knabe's Pianos, Nelson Brow Pianos, and Prince's Automatic Organs, and
JACOB WEAVER JR. & CO.,
General Patent Agency.
No. 1 ST. CLAIR STREET.
BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS,
PRINT ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Special attention given to the designing and building of Churches, Stores and Dwellings.
MADISON STARCH AGENCY.—
Just received,
400 boxes, 40 lb., Pearl starch;
200 " 40 lbs. Gloss.
100 " Corn do.!
50 " Silver Gloss Starch.
For sale low to the trade by the agents,
SUMMAKER & LAFO.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
THE NEW
BOULEVARD SKIRT,
FOR LADIES AND MISSES,
In Plain, Braided and Embroidered.
Also, Real Tartan Cashmere Hose,
In all colors and sizes; best assortment we ever had. Also, a full assortment of
Ladies' & Misses' Underwear,
AND
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS;
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
Traveling and Fine Shirts,
COLLARS, TIES, SUSPENDERS,
SOCKS, &c.,
TOGETHER WITH A SPLENDID STOCK OF
Ladies' Dress Trimmings,
Of every description.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES, ETC.
MERCHANTS FROM CITY AND COUNTRY are specially invited to come and examine our goods. We feel confident we can suit all, and will sell
AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.
MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,
78 AND 80 MARKET STREET.
oct5
NEW GOODS.
AT
DENNISON & HECKERT'S,
NO. 27 FIFTH STREET,
We are now receiving our
FALL GOODS,
To which we invite the attention of our friends and customers.
DENNISON & HECKERT.
oct
NEW GOODS.
NEW GOODS.
NEW GOODS.
EUWER & LONG,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
Invite attention to their new stock of FALL GOODS.
WATERPROOF CLOTH,
BANNER FLANNELS,
SHAWLS, BLANKETS,
MERINOS, ALPACCAS,
Also, a full stock of TWEEDS. Prices low, at
No. 61 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY.
oct6 Four doors East of the Diamond.
CARPENTERS, BUILDERS.
WM. J. DIX,
Carpenter and Builder,
NO. 26 PENNSYLVANIA AVE.,
Opposite High street. PITTSBURGH, PA.
Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. All orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction warranted.
C. TORST.....A. TORST.
J. M. TORST.....G. P. TORST, Foreman.
TORST BROTHERS,
House Carpenters and Builders.
All kinds of Jobbing and Building promptly attended to. Orders left at No. 409 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, and No. 18 PEARL ST., Allegheny, will receive prompt attention.
JNO. FRANCIS.....SAM'L FRANCIS.
J. & S. FRANCIS,
CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS,
Contracts taken for Buildings, Store Fronts, and Jobbing in all its branches. Also, in Heavy Framing for Foundries and Rolling Mills. Nos. 256 and 262 Robinson St., Allegheny City, Pa.
Z. H. PALMER,
House Builder and Carpenter.
Office, corner of BARKER'S ALLEY and DUQUESNE WAY.
Jobbing and Repairing done with neatness and dispatch.
HOUSE BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS.
BUILDING AND REPAIRS promptly attended to
FURGESON & SECH,
117 Smithfield street.
SEWING MACHINES.
DON'T BE DECEIVED BY
Flaunting half column advertisements of inferior Machines, but get a GROVER & BAKER. It has been fully tested for sixteen years, and is by all competent judges pronounced the
BEST.
No. 105 Fifth street,
above Smithfield.
GROVER & BAKER'S
ELASTIC STITCH AND LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines
Are THE BEST for Family and Manufacturing purposes. Call and see them at
No. 105 Fifth Street.
GET NONE BUT A
GROVER & BAKER
For a Holiday Gift. It is reliable, perfect therefore the best. Don't fail to call and see No. 105 FIFTH ST., above
SHOE, HARNESS & CARRIAGE MAKERS should see the new
GROVER & BAKER NO. 1 SEWING MACHINE.
Before buying elsewhere. It is the best for their use. For sale at
No. 105 FIFTH STREET,
above Smithfield.
THE GROVER & BAKER
SEWING MACHINE
Is the Ultima Thule of Mechanism. Please stop and examine it at
NO. 105 FIFTH STREET,
above Smithfield
CONFECTIONERIES, &c.
HENRY W. HORBACH,
Confectionery and Bakery,
No. 200 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Between Seventh and Liberty.
LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached.
SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best
ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES, CAKES, FRUITS, &c.
At the lowest prices and on the shortest notice, by
JULIUS RICHTER
No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.
LITHOGRAPHERS.
BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS
SINGERLY & CLEIS,
(Successors to Geo. F. Schuchman & Co.,)
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS
The ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS.
Illuminated Cards, Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitations, Checks, &c. Nos. 74 and 76 Third st., Pittsburgh
CHAS. A. MILLER,
LITHOGRAPHER,
No. 20 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building
GASKILL, SHAFFER, MOYER, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles.
TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.
JOHN MEGRAW,
Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,
42 WOOD STREET,
A general assortment Smoking Tobacco, Pipes Tobacco Pouches always on hand.
EXCELSIOR WORKS.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
Manufacturers and dealers in
Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.
No. 6 FEDERAL ST ALLEGHENY.
DYERS AND SCOURERS.
H. J. LANCE,
Nos. 125 and 127 Third Street.
DYER AND SCOURER,
Straw Goods Cleaned or Dyed,
KID GLOVES and LADIES' PLUMES clean ed or dyed.
C. G. FISCHER'S
FANCY
Dyeing and Scouring Establishment
No. 61 DIAMOND ALLEY,
Between Wood and Smithfield streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
All goods returned in two weeks. Goods lie at my risk subject to the owner twelve months.
COLGATE & CO.'S
GERMAN
TOILET
TOILET SOAP
Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers.

MISCELLANEOUS.
ACROSS THE SIERRA NEVADAS.
THE
Central Pacific
RAILROAD,
THE WESTERN HALF OF THE
Great National Trunk Line Across the Continent,
Being constructed with the AID AND SUPERVISION OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, is destined to be one of the MOST IMPORTANT AND VALUABLE RAILROADS IN THE WORLD, as it is the sole link of communication between the Pacific Coast and the Great Interior Basin, over which the immense overland travel must pass, and the
Principal Portion of the Main Stem Line Between the two Oceans.
Its line extends from Sacramento, on the tidal waters of the Pacific, eastward across the richest and most populous parts of California, Nevada and Utah, contiguous to all the great Mining Regions of the Far West, and will meet and connect with the roads now building east of the Rocky Mountains. About 100 miles are now built, equipped and in running operation to the summit of the Sierra Nevada. Within a few days 35 miles, now graded, will be added, and the track carried entirely across the mountains to a point in the Great Salt Lake valley, whence further progress will be easy and rapid. Iron, materials and equipment are ready at hand for 300 miles of road, and 10,000 men are employed in the construction.
The local business upon the completed portion surpasses all previous estimates. The figures for the quarter ending August 31st are as follows, in GOLD:

GROSS EARNINGS.	OPERATING EXPENSES.	NET EARNINGS.
$487,579 64	$86 648 47	$401,031 17

Or at the rate of two millions per annum, of which more than three-fourths are net profit on less than 100 miles worked. This is upon the actual, legitimate traffic of the road, with its terminus in the mountains, and with only the normal ratio of increase of transportation, and is exclusive of the materials carried for the further extension of the road.
The Company's interest liabilities during the same period were $15,000.
Add to this an ever-expanding through traffic and the proportions of the future business become immense.
The Company are authorized to continue their line eastward until it shall meet and connect with the roads now building east of the Rocky Mountain ranges.
Assuming that they will build and control half the entire distance between San Francisco and the Missouri River, as now seems probable, the United States will have invested in the completion of 865 miles $28,592,000, or at the average rate of $35,000 per mile, not including an absolute grant of 10,000,000 acres of the Public Lands. By becoming a joint investor in the magnificent enterprise, and by saving its first lien in favor of the First Mortgage Bondholders, THE GENERAL GOVERNMENT, IN REALITY, SECURES THE CONSTRUCTION OF THEIR CAPITALISTS, and has carefully guarded their interests against all ordinary contingencies.
The Company offer for sale, through us, their
First Mortgage Thirty Year. Six per cent. Coupon Bonds,
Principal and Interest payable in Gold Coin in the City of New York. They are in sums of $100 each, with semi-annual gold coupons attached, and, resulting for the present, at 6 per cent. and accrued interest from July 1st next, in currency, at which rate they yield
Nine per cent. upon the Investment.
These Bonds, authorized by Act of Congress, are issued only as the work progresses, and to the same amount only as the bonds granted by the United States are delivered to the Company. *First* they upon a completed, equipped, and productive road. *Second*—They are the direct Government subsidies, stock subscriptions, donations, lands, etc., and which are worth more than three times the amount of First Mortgage Bonds issued upon the same road. The Central Pacific First Mortgage Bonds have the full confidence, support and guarantees of the Pacific Railroad Act of Congress, and have no other issues of any description, advantages over all other classes of railroad bonds.
First—They are the superior claim upon Alcatraz Island, the U. S. Mail and valuable portion of the through line.
Second—They are the special benefit of the Government subsidy, (which is subordinate thereto) the value of which, as a basis for a loan, is apparent from California.
Third—Over half the whole cost of grading 350 miles on toward of San Francisco is concentrated upon the 150 miles now about completed.
Fourth—A local business already yielding three-fold the amount of interest liabilities, with a handsome net surplus to cover.
Fifth—The Government has the first set of its Bonds being payable in coin, upon a legally binding contract.
Having carefully investigated the resources, progress and prospects of the road, and the management of its affairs, we unhesitatingly recommend these Bonds to Trustees, Executors, Individuals, and others seeking a profitable, reliable and remunerative form of permanent investment.
CONVERSIONS OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
Into Central Pacific
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
Now Realize for the Holders from
Twelve to Eighteen per Cent. Advantage,
WITH THE SAME RATE OF INTEREST.
The following are the current rates (September 9th,) subject of course, to slight fluctuations from day to day, to receive in exchange:

U. S. 6's, 1881, coupon, and pay difference			10 c.
U. S. 5-20's, 1865,	do.	do.	10 c.
U. S. 5-20's, 1865,	do.	do.	10 c.
U. S. 5-20's, 1867,	do.	do.	10 c.
U. S. 5-20's, 1865 (new), coupons,	do.		12½ c.
U. S. 5-20's, 1865 (new), registered,	do.		12½ c.
U. S. 10-40's, coupons, and pay difference			20 c.
U. S. 7-30's, (1st series),	do.	do.	30 c.
U. S. 7-30's, (2d series),	do.	do.	30 c.

For sale by all Banks and Bankers generally, of whom descriptive Pamphlets and Maps can be obtained, and by
FISK & HATCH,
Bankers and Dealers in Government Securities, and Financial Agents of the C. P. R. R. Co.
No. 5 Nassau Street, N. Y.
Also, of ROBINSON & BROS., Pittsburgh, and S. McCLEAN & CO., Pennsylvania.
THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 2d day of October, A. D. 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the
ESTATE OF MARTIN W. FEELEY,
Of the City of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at the County Court room, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 93 Diamond street, in the City of Pittsburgh, before S. McCLELLAND, Register, on the 11TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock, a. m.
THOS. A. BOWLEY,
U. S. Marshal.
oct9:g3
NEW
PAPER HANGINGS,
NOW RECEIVING, IN GREAT VARIETY, AT
No. 107 Market Street
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
GREAT REVOLUTION IN THE WINE TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES.—PURE CALIFORNIA CHAMPAGNE, made and forwarded as if done in France. Pure pure North Wine, and taking the place of Imported Champagne.
The undersigned would call the attention of Wine Dealers and Hotel Keepers to

The Pittsburgh Gazette

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

ALLEGHENY SCHOOLS.

Board of Controllers' Meeting.

A regular monthly meeting of the Board of School Controllers was held on Tuesday evening, November 5th, Rev. E. E. Swift in the chair, who opened the meeting with prayer.

Members present: Messrs. Brown, Boyle, Barker, Benney, Chadwick, Dunlap, Francis, Kolbeck, Kay, Leggate, McClintock, Pilcher, Ross, Swift, Scott, Thompson, Torrence, White.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

REPORTS OF VISITING COMMITTEES.

The visiting committee of the First Ward reported that they had visited the different schools in the ward and found them in good working order.

The committee of the Second ward were not ready to report.

Rev. Mr. Swift, of the Third ward, reported that the schools in that ward were in a crowded condition, and were in great need of a new school building.

Mr. Francis, of the Fourth ward Committee, reported that the schools in that ward were working well.

Mr. Chadwick, of the Fifth ward Committee, reported that the schools of that ward were doing as well as could be expected, owing to the crowded condition of the rooms, there being over eleven hundred scholars in that district. The election of Mr. Hellar as primary teacher was also reported.

Mr. R. Kay, President of the Sixth Ward Local Board, reported the appointment of the following named gentlemen as Directors for said ward, to serve until the next regular election: C. B. Shea and Joseph Walton. The following were elected officers of the Board: President, R. J. Kay; Secretary, C. B. Shea; Treasurer, N. McClimans.

The foregoing reports were received and accepted.

Mr. Kay presented the report of the Committee on Colored School, which was received and ordered to be filed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication from S. A. Neale, Principal of the Colored School, asking permission to occupy a room in the school building temporarily, while his house was being repaired. Communication received and referred to the Committee on Colored School.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Francis presented a petition from a number of citizens, setting forth that there was a great number of children in the city who could not be kept at day schools, and recommending that a night school be established. The petition was received and referred to a special Committee on High School.

RED SCHOOL.

Mr. Chadwick stated that he had visited the Colored School and found it in a perfect state of confusion. He said that the County Superintendent, who was also visited the school, had been endeavoring to classify it so as to avoid the confusion.

Mr. Brown moved that as Mr. Doutt was present, he be requested to address the Board on the question for the information of the Committee on Colored School, which carried unanimously.

Mr. Doutt took the floor and stated his experience at the Colored School at considerable length. He said that he found it in a state of confusion, and had recommended a classification of the pupils it would take, he said, several months for it. Neale to get his school in a condition that it could be classified with any degree of accuracy.

CITY SUPERINTENDENT.

Mr. Brown, from the Committee appointed to inquire into the propriety of creating a City Superintendent in connection with the High School, reported that they had had correspondence with the Boards of Education of a number of the principal cities, and were in receipt of reports in relation to the subject. The Committee further say they would be prepared to submit a report at the next regular meeting of the Board. The report was accepted and the Committee continued.

FINANCIAL REPORT.

The report of the Treasurer of the Board was submitted by the Chairman of the Finance Committee, exhibiting the receipts and expenditures of the School Districts for the fiscal year ending July 1st, 1867, as follows:

DEBTOR.

Cash received from Collectors..$33,214.20

CREDIT.

Balance due Treas'r June, '68..$ 1,218.12
Warrants issued..... 31,017.79
Cash in hands of Treasurer..... 978.29

$33,214.20

Balance on hand Nov. 1, 1867.. 17,790.13

The report was accepted and ordered to be filed.

SIXTH WARD ACCOUNTS.

Mr. Brown, from the Finance Committee, stated that the Committee had audited a number of accounts, and auditing the accounts of the Sixth ward School Board previous to its admission into the City, but were unable to complete the labors on account of not having the books.

Mr. Ross said that he had not been advised of a meeting until it was too late, but the books would be forthcoming when required.

GRADES AND TEXT BOOKS.

Mr. Swift, of the Committee on Grades and Text Books, reported in regard to matters which had been referred to them at the preceding meeting, as follows: With regard to the delay in supplying text books, they had communicated with the publishers, but before they had received a reply, the requisite number of books could not be kept at city schools, and recommending that a night school be established. The petition was received and referred to a special Committee on High School.

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